



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The members of Keimed Private Limited
Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of Keimed Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at 31st March 2025, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash flows for the year ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, and its profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *Code of Ethics* issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on standalone financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's report, including Annexures to Board's Report, Corporate Governance and Share Holder's Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.



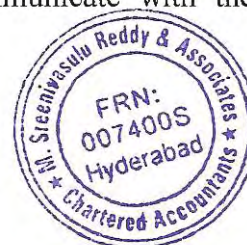
As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with references to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal financial control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all



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relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books
- c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Standalone Financial Statements.

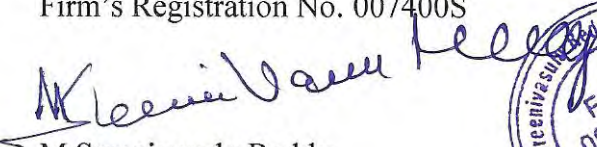


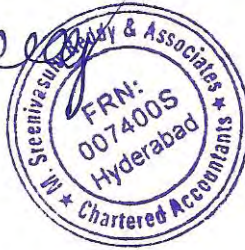
- ii. The Company has made provision as required under applicable law or accounting standards for material foreseeable losses. The Company did not have any long-term derivative contracts.
- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv.
 - (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. As stated in Notes of Standalone Financial Statements
 - (a) The final dividend proposed in the previous year, declared and paid by the Company during the year is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act, as applicable.
 - (b) There is no interim dividend declared and paid by the Company during the year and until the date of this report is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.
 - (c) The Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The amount of dividend proposed is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.



- i. Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all the relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further during the course of our audit we did not come across any instances of the audit trail feature being tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for records retention.

For M.Sreenivasulu Reddy & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 007400S


M.Sreenivasulu Reddy
Proprietor
Membership No.023396



Place: Hyderabad
Date: 07th June'2025

Annexure –A to the Independent Auditor’s Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under ‘Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report to the Members of M/s. Keimed Private Limited of even date)

i)

- a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, plant and equipment. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible assets.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, plant and equipment by which all Property, plant and equipment are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with this programme, certain Property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favor of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the Company.
- d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its Property, plant and equipment (including Right-of-use assets) or Intangible assets or both during the year.
- e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made there under. Accordingly, clause 1(e) of the Order is not applicable.

ii)



- a) The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records that were 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets. In our opinion, the quarterly returns or statements filed by the Company with such banks are in agreement with the books of account of the Company.
- iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has made investments, provided guarantee or security and also granted advances in the nature of loans which are unsecured to the companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year which are as follows:

Investments made during the year:

S.No	Name of Company	Amount of Investment
1	Medicotrade Distributor Private Limited	3,76,38,840.00/-
2	MSN Medisheild Private Limited	3,51,00,000.00/-
3	New Vishwabharathy Druglines Private Limited	4,19,53,500.00/-

Amounts of loans advanced to related parties and outstanding as on 31-03-2025:

S.No	Name of Company	Amount outstanding as on 31-03-2025
1	Adeline Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	9,00,00,000.00
2	ATC Medicare Private Limited	98,75,000.00
3	Dhruvi Healthcare Private Limited	9,66,10,000.00
4	Emmarlink Distributors Private Limited	2,50,00,000.00
5	Guninaa Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	3,50,00,000.00
6	Lifeline Pharma Distributors Private Limited	3,12,50,000.00
7	Lucky Pharma Logistics Private Limited	4,00,00,000.00
8	Medicotrade Distributors Private Limited	7,00,00,000.00
9	Medihauze International India Private Limited	2,00,00,000.00
10	Medihauze Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	6,70,00,000.00
11	Meher Lifecare Private Limited	10,93,34,981.00
12	Neelkanth Pharma Logistics Private Limited	9,00,00,000.00
13	New Amar Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	15,38,86,095.87



14	New Viswabharathy Drug Lines Private Limited	2,00,00,000.00
15	ShanBalaji Pharma Distributors Private Limited	2,50,00,000.00
16	Shiva Nitin Agencies Private Limited	1,63,50,000.00
17	Shree Amman Pharma India Private Limited	2,32,00,000.00
18	Singlamedicos Pharma Solutions Private Limited	9,06,09,400.00
19	Vardhman Medisales Private Limited	18,00,00,000.00
20	Vasu Agencies Drugs Private Limited	18,05,89,926.00
21	Vasu Pharma Drugs Private Limited	4,00,00,000.00
22	Vasu Vaccines & Speciality Drugs Hyd Private Limited	16,15,95,560.00
23	Venkatasai Agencies Drugs Private Limited	3,91,00,000.00
24	Yogiram Distributors Private Limited	1,90,00,000.00
25	Kamineni Enterprises International LLP	2,27,74,650.00

Guarantees provided/executed are as follows:

S.No	Name of Company	Corporate Guarantees as at 31-03-2025
1	Lifeline Pharma Distributors Private Limited	15,00,00,000
2	Srinivasa Pharma Distributors Private Limited	20,00,00,000
3	Yogiram Distributors Private Limited	50,00,00,000
4	Dhruvi Healthcare Private Limited	75,00,00,000
5	Medihauze Healthcare Private Limited	11,00,00,000
6	Meher Lifecare Private Limited	90,00,00,000
7	New Amar Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	33,00,00,000
8	ATC Medicare Private Limited	44,00,00,000
9	Guninaa Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	8,00,00,000
10	Chandrasekhara Pharma Private Limited	20,00,00,000
11	Vasu Agencies Drugs Private Limited	104,00,00,000
12	MSN Medishield Private Limited	10,00,00,000
13	New Viswabharathy Drug Lines Private Limited	8,00,00,000
14	Vardhman Medisales Private Limited	70,00,00,000
15	Sreekara Medicine House Private Limited	15,00,00,000
16	Sri Venkateswara Galaxy Medical Distributors Private Limited	50,00,00,000
17	Neelkanth Pharma Logistics Private Limited	250,00,00,000
18	Shivanitin Agencies Private Limited	40,00,00,000
19	Meher Lifecare Private Limited	1,70,00,000
20	Focus Medisales Private Limited	100,00,00,000
21	Srinivasa Medisales Private Limited	-
22	Singlamedicos Pharma Solutions Private Limited	25,00,00,000
23	Sanjeevani Pharma Distributors Private Limited	100,00,00,000
24	Palepu Pharma Distributors Private Limited	212,80,00,000
25	LPH Pharma Private Limited	9,00,00,000
26	Shree Amman Pharma India Private Limited	30,60,00,000



27	ShanBalaji Pharma Distributors Private Limited	12,00,00,000
28	Vasu Pharma Drugs Private Limited	18,00,00,000
29	Vasu Vaccines & Speciality Drugs Hyd Private Limited	80,00,00,000
30	Venkatasai Agencies Drugs Private Limited	12,00,00,000
31	Kamal Distributors Private Limited	8,60,00,000
32	New Welcome Agencies Private Limited	-
33	Shri Datta Agencies Private Limited	8,50,00,000
34	Lucky Pharma Logistics Private Limited	5,00,00,000
35	Anila Medical Private Limited	8,00,00,000
36	Balaji Trade Pharma Private Limited	12,00,00,000
37	Lakshmi Annapurna Medical Distributors Private Limited	12,00,00,000
38	Poornima Medical Agencies Private Limited	15,00,00,000
39	Levikas Enterprises Private Limited	10,00,00,000
40	Medicotrade Distributor Private Limited	6,00,00,000
41	Emmarlink Distributors Private Limited	40,00,00,000
42	Medihauze International India Private Limited	28,00,00,000
43	Medihauze Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	41,00,00,000
44	Adeline Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	38,00,00,000
45	Vasu Agencies Drugs Private Limited	4,80,00,000

- a) Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has granted loans to related parties and the aggregate amount of loans provided during the year is Rs. 2,96,57,12,221 and having outstanding balance as at 31-03-2025 is Rs. 1,65,61,75,613.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not granted any loans or guarantees provided, which are prejudicial to the interest of the company. Hence, clause iii(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the schedule of repayment of principal and interest has been stipulated and the payments were made regularly.
- d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no loan given falling due during the year, which has been renewed or extended or fresh loans given to settle the over dues of existing loans given to the same party. Accordingly, clause iii(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company has loans which are overdue from related parties amounting to Rs. 1,65,61,75,613.



- f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has given loans to related parties which are repayable on demand without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has complied with the provisions specified under Sections 185 & 186 of Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans, investments guarantee and securities provided during the year.
- v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly, clause v of the Order is not applicable.
- vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the products manufactured by it (and/ or services provided by it). Accordingly, clause vi of the Order is not applicable.
- vii)
- a) The Company does not have liability in respect of Sales tax, Service tax, Duty of excise and Value added tax during the year since effective 1 July 2017, these statutory dues has been subsumed into GST.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax ('GST'), Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and other material statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of GST, Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of GST, Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales tax, Service tax, Duty of Customs, Value added tax, Cess or other statutory dues which have not been deposited by the Company on account of disputes.



viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.

ix)

a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted any loans or borrowings from any lender during the year. Accordingly, clause ix(a) of the Order is not applicable.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority. Accordingly, clause ix(b) of the Order is not applicable

c) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has utilized term loans for the purpose for which the loan obtained.

d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that funds raised on short-term basis by the Company have not been used for long term purposes.

e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause ix(e) of the Order is not applicable.

f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause ix(f) of the Order is not applicable.

x)

a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause x(a) of the Order is not applicable.



- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause x(b) of the Order is not applicable.

xi)

- a) On the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, considering the principles of materiality outlined in Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit. Accordingly, clause xi(a) of the Order is not applicable.

- b) We report that, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government. Accordingly, clause xi(b) of the Order is not applicable.

- c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year. Accordingly, clause xi(c) of the Order is not applicable.

xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause xii of the Order is not applicable.

xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, and the details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable Accounting Standards.

xiv)

- a) Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b) We have considered the reports of internal auditors for the period under audit.

xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.



xvi)

- a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause xvi(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- b) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause xvi(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause xvi(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- d) According to the information and explanations provided to us during the course of audit, the Group does not have any CIC. Accordingly, the requirements of clause xvi(d) are not applicable.

xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year.

xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause xviii of the Order is not applicable.

xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

xx)

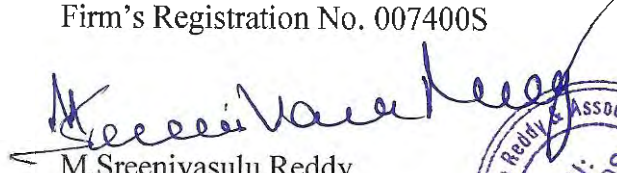
- a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, complied by the company



b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of sub-section (6) of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013.

xxi) The reporting under clause (xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For M.Sreenivasulu Reddy & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 007400S


M.Sreenivasulu Reddy
Proprietor
Membership No.023396



Place: Hyderabad
Date: 07th June'2025

Annexure –B to the Independent Auditors’ Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under ‘Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report to the Members of Keimed Private Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Keimed Private Limited (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s Management (the Board of Directors) is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the ‘ICAI’). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting record, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the



assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



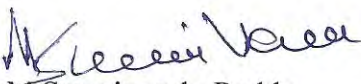
Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For M.Sreenivasulu Reddy & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 007400S



M.Sreenivasulu Reddy

Proprietor

Membership Number: 023396



Place: Hyderabad

Date: 07th June'2025

Keimed Private Limited

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025

Standalone Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)



Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	683.74	1,199.91
Right-of-use assets	3	1.24	336.32
Goodwill	4	15,841.02	15,841.02
Intangible assets	3	22.35	30.47
Financial assets			
(i) Investments	5	49,567.64	48,421.72
(iii) Other financial assets	6	4.53	298.77
Other non-current assets	7	-	352.29
Total non - current assets		66,120.52	66,480.50
Current assets			
Inventories	8	6,505.58	4,267.41
Financial assets			
(i) Trade receivables	9	12,179.01	33,739.00
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	6,042.71	712.59
(iii) Other Bank Balances	11	-	300.00
(iv) Loans	12	16,334.01	7,537.46
(v) Other financial assets	13	407.18	1,417.77
Other current assets	14	685.70	7,279.61
Current Tax Asset (net)	25	885.71	537.29
Total current assets		43,039.89	55,791.12
Total assets		1,09,160.41	1,22,271.62
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity Share Capital	15	687.29	594.90
Share pending issuance	15	-	77.14
Other Equity	16	83,450.74	67,832.48
Total equity		84,138.03	68,504.52
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	17	3,539.91	5,776.33
(ii) Lease liabilities	18	-	267.54
Provisions	19	-	210.69
Deferred Tax Liability (Net)	26(d)	649.57	687.52
Total non - current liabilities		4,189.48	6,942.08
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	20	13,311.43	24,512.90
(ii) Lease liabilities	18	1.35	87.72
(iii) Trade payables			
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	21	-	3,123.30
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	21	6,268.86	12,200.21
(iv) Other financial liabilities	22	574.25	5,367.82
Other current liabilities	23	453.52	1,361.97
Provisions	24	223.50	171.10
Total current liabilities		20,832.90	46,825.02
Total liabilities		25,022.38	53,767.10
Total equity and liabilities		1,09,160.41	1,22,271.62

Summary of material accounting policies

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For M.Sreenivasulu Reddy & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 007400S

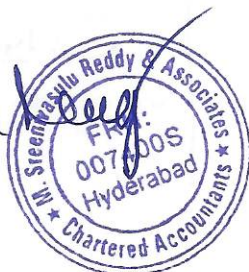
M.Sreenivasulu Reddy

Proprietor

Membership No. 023396

Place: Hyderabad

Date : 07th June 2025



2

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Keimed Private Limited

Arvind Kumar Venkat
Managing Director
DIN : 02304618

Shobana Kamineni
Director & Chairperson
DIN : 00003836

A. Narasaiah
Chief Financial Officer
CMA : 22311

B. Madhu
Company Secretary
ACS : 19763

Keimed Private Limited

Statement of Profit and Loss

Standalone Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)



Particulars	Note	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
I INCOME			
Revenue from operations	27	1,57,210.81	1,66,071.16
Other income	28	7,245.37	11,740.37
Total income		1,64,456.19	1,77,811.53
II Expenses			
Purchases of stock-in-trade	29	1,57,004.98	1,53,704.29
Changes in Inventory	30	(8,052.02)	2,424.10
Employee benefits expense	31	4,169.96	3,843.80
Finance costs	32	2,413.96	2,304.51
Depreciation and amortization expense	33	577.15	792.94
Other expenses	34	4,164.83	4,029.35
Total expense		1,60,278.87	1,67,099.00
III Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax		4,177.32	10,712.54
Exceptional items (Gain)/Loss		889.72	-
III Profit/(loss) before tax		3,287.60	10,712.54
IV Tax expense/(credit):	26		
Current tax		885.11	1,999.12
Current tax pertaining to prior years		(191.80)	(94.31)
MAT credit entitlement		-	-
Deferred tax		(38.06)	865.46
Income tax expense		655.25	2,770.26
V Profit/(loss) for the year		2,632.35	7,942.27
VI Other comprehensive income/(loss)			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to the statement of profit or loss			
i) Remeasurements of the defined benefit plan {gain/(loss)}	27	0.46	6.64
ii) Income tax effect		(0.12)	(1.67)
Total other comprehensive income/(loss)		0.35	4.97
VII Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		2,632.70	7,947.24
VIII Earnings per equity share			
Equity shares of par value Rs.10 each			
Basic (In Rupees)	37	40.17	133.96
Diluted (In Rupees)	37	40.17	133.96

Summary of material accounting policies

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For M.Sreenivasulu Reddy & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 007400S

M. Sreenivasulu Reddy
M.Sreenivasulu Reddy
Proprietor
Membership No. 023396
Place: Hyderabad
Date : 07th June 2025



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Keimed Private Limited

Arvind Kumar Venkat
Arvind Kumar Venkat
Managing Director
DIN : 02304618

Shobana Kamineni
Shobana Kamineni
Director & Chairperson
DIN : 00003836

A. Narasaiah
A. Narasaiah
Chief Financial Officer
CMA : 22311

B. Madhu
B. Madhu
Company Secretary
ACS : 19763

Keimed Private Limited

Statement of Cash Flows

Standalone Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit/(loss) for the year	2,632.70	7,947.24
Add: Income Tax expense	655.36	2,771.93
Profit /(loss) before tax for the year	3,288.06	10,719.18
Adjustment for non cash/ non operating items:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	577.15	792.94
Interest from Banks/others	(2,743.39)	(2,783.64)
Dividend income from subsidiary	(1,303.85)	(599.99)
Rent Income	-	(23.37)
Excess provisions/liabilities written back	-	(16.51)
Net (gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	(245.52)
Net (gain)/loss Sale of Equity Investments	-	51.00
Fair value gain on equity investments (Compulsorily convertible debentures)	-	(3,841.74)
Expected Credit Loss on trade receivables	79.08	49.91
Bad debts written off	295.42	2.67
Interest expense	2,413.96	2,247.67
Profit adjusted for the slump sale transaction	-	14.79
Impairment of financial asset (Loan)	1,124.28	-
Operating Profit before working capital changes	3,730.70	6,367.40
Adjustments for (increase)/decrease in operating assets:		
Inventories	(2,238.17)	6,634.87
Trade receivables	21,185.49	(9,750.03)
Other financial assets - Non current	294.24	(216.41)
Other financial assets - Current	1,010.59	(1,291.16)
Other non-current assets	352.29	(163.27)
Other current assets	6,593.91	2,460.65
Adjustments for increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Trade payables	(9,054.65)	(8,521.27)
Other financial liabilities - Current	(794.58)	-
Provisions	(158.29)	(143.86)
Other current liabilities	(908.46)	655.39
Cash generated from in operations	20,013.08	(3,967.68)
Income tax paid (net)	(1,041.73)	(2,727.84)
Net Cash flow from/(used) in Operating Activities (A)	18,971.35	(6,695.52)
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment including capital work in progress	246.30	(561.38)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	35.91	737.96
Rent received	-	23.37
Interest received	2,743.39	1,411.62
Dividend income received	1,303.85	599.99
Investment in Subsidiaries	(1,145.92)	(908.85)
Consideration received on disposal of subsidiaries	-	1,299.00
Movement in Other Bank Balances	300.00	(150.00)
Proceeds Loans and Advances	(9,920.83)	-
Net Cash flow from/(used) in Investing Activities (B)	(6,437.29)	2,451.72
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from Share Capital	9,999.94	-
Borrowings - Non-Current (Net)	(2,236.43)	4,538.63
Borrowings - Current (Net)	(11,201.47)	-
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities	(353.91)	(134.76)
Dividend Paid	(998.12)	(594.90)
Interest paid	(2,372.34)	(2,207.19)
Interest paid on lease liabilities	(41.62)	-
Net Cash Flow from/(used) in Financing Activities (C)	(7,203.95)	1,601.78
Net increase /(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	5,330.11	(2,642.02)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	712.59	3,141.20
Cash & Cash Equivalents transferred from Demerged Company pursuant to Scheme of Arrangement	-	213.41
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	6,042.71	712.59

Keimed Private Limited

Statement of Cash Flows

Standalone Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Non-cash investing and financing transaction		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment by means of a finance lease	186.69	4,55,33,396.00

Notes :

- 1 The above Cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Indian Accounting Standard-7. "Statement of Cash Flows".
- 2 Components of cash and cash equivalents :


Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Balances with banks:		
Bank Balance	140.83	365.56
Current accounts	5,892.95	-
Deposits with original maturity of less than three months	8.35	300.85
Cash on hand	0.58	46.18
	6,042.71	712.59

Summary of significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

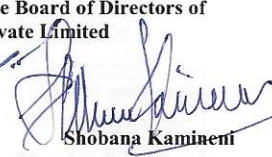
For M.Sreenivasulu Reddy & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.: 007400S


M.Sreenivasulu Reddy
Proprietor
Membership No. 023396
Place: Hyderabad
Date : 07th June 2025

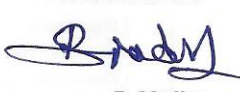


For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Keimed Private Limited


Arvind Kumar Venkat
Managing Director
DIN : 02304618


Shobana Kamineni
Director & Chairperson
DIN : 00003836


A. Narasaiah
Chief Financial Officer
CMA : 22311


B. Madhu
Company Secretary
ACS : 19763

Keimed Private Limited

Statement of changes in Equity

Standalone Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

(A) Equity Share Capital

Particulars	Nos.	Amount
Balance as at April 01, 2023	59,48,959	594.90
Changes in equity share capital	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	59,48,959	594.90
Changes in equity share capital	9,23,978	92.40
Balance as at March 31, 2025	68,72,937	687.29

(B) Share Pending Issuance

Particulars	Nos.	Amount
Balance as at April 01, 2023	7,71,447	77.14
Changes during the year	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	7,71,447	77.14
Changes during the year	(7,71,447)	(77.14)
Balance as at March 31, 2025	-	-

(B) Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and surplus					Total
	Securities Premium	General reserve	Capital reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Retained Earnings	
Balance as at April 01, 2023	3,641.53	1,280.08	14,171.49	1,920.00	36,717.72	57,730.82
Profit / (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	7,942.27	7,942.27
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	4.97	4.97
Capital Reserve arising from Business Combination	-	-	14.79	-	-	14.79
Gain on bargain purchases	-	-	2,734.53	-	-	2,734.53
Equity Dividend	-	-	-	-	(594.90)	(594.90)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	3,641.53	1,280.08	16,920.81	1,920.00	44,070.06	67,832.48
Profit / (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	2,632.35	2,632.35
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	0.35	0.35
Add/(Less): Changes during the period	13,983.68	-	-	-	-	13,983.68
Equity Dividend	-	-	-	-	(998.12)	(998.12)
Balance as at March 31, 2025	17,625.21	1,280.08	16,920.81	1,920.00	45,704.64	83,450.74

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For M.Sreenivasulu Reddy & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 007400S

M.Sreenivasulu Reddy

Proprietor

Membership No. 023396

Place: Hyderabad

Date : 07th June 2025



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Keimed Private Limited

Arvind Kumar Venkat
Managing Director
DIN : 02304618

A. Narasaiah
Chief Financial Officer
CMA : 22311

Shobana Kamineni
Director & Chairperson
DIN : 00003836

B. Madhu
Company Secretary
ACS : 19763

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

1 Company Information

Keimed Private Limited is a private limited company having CIN No:U72200TN2000PTC179280 domiciled in India and incorporated on 10/03/2000. The Company is primarily engaged in distribution of pharmaceutical products. The address of its Registered office is 19 Bishop Gardens, R A Puram, Chennai, Ramakrishna Nagar (Chennai), Chennai, Chennai City Corporation, Tamil Nadu, India, 600028.

The standalone financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ("Rs.") and rounded off to the nearest Lakhs, unless otherwise stated. The standalone financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on Date : 07th June 2025

2 Material accounting policies

2.1 Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016, as amended from time to time, in this regard) and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III of the Act and other relevant provisions of the Act as applicable.

2.2 Basis of preparation and presentation

The Standalone financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except, except for the following:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value;
- Defined benefit plans-plan assets measured at fair value.

Fair value measurements and hierarchy

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116 and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 — inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 — inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 — inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Material accounting policies are set out below

2.3 Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

The preparation of these Standalone financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet dates and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant estimates and assumptions reflected in the Company's financial statements include, but are not limited to, expected credit loss, impairment of goodwill, useful lives of property, plant and equipment and leases, fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in business combination, realization of deferred tax assets, unrecognized tax benefits, incremental borrowing rate of right-of-use assets and related lease obligation, the valuation of the Company's acquired equity investments. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates.

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty:

Allowances for Credit Losses:

Our receivables primarily consist of short-term trade accounts receivable from customers that result from the sale of goods. The impairment provisions for trade receivables is based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company considers historical credit losses, the current economic environment, customer credit ratings, collections on past due amounts, legal disputes, and bankruptcies, as well as reasonable and supportable forecasts to develop its allowance for credit losses.

Impairment of Investments in Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures:

The Company conducts impairment reviews of investments in subsidiaries / associates / joint arrangements whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable or tests for impairment annually. Determining whether an asset is impaired requires an estimation of the recoverable amount, which requires the Company to estimate the value in use determined using a discounted cash flow approach based upon the cash flow expected to be generated by the investment. In case that the value in use of the investment is less than its carrying amount, the difference is at first recorded as an impairment of the carrying amount of the goodwill.

Revenue Recognition

Judgement is applied in the assessment of principal versus agent considerations with respect to contracts with customers which is determined based on the substance of the arrangement.

Judgement is also applied to determine the transaction price of the contract. The transaction price shall include a fixed amount of customer consideration and components of variable consideration which constitutes amounts payable to customer, discounts and sales returns. The estimated amount of variable consideration is adjusted in the transaction price only to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur and is reassessed at the end of each reporting period.

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Leases

Ind AS 116 defines a lease term as the non-cancellable period for which the lessee has the Right-to-use an underlying asset including optional periods, when an entity is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend (or not to terminate) a lease. The Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the lessee to exercise the option when determining the lease term. The option to extend the lease term is included in the lease term, if it is reasonably certain that the lessee would exercise the option. The Company reassesses the option when significant events or changes in circumstances occur that are within the control of the lessee.

Business Combinations:

We account for business combinations using the acquisition method of accounting whereby the identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquired business, including contingent consideration. Any purchase consideration in excess of the estimated fair values of the net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. Acquisition-related expenses and related restructuring costs are expensed as incurred. Several valuation methods may be used to determine the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. For intangible assets, we typically use a variation of the income approach, whereby a forecast of future cash flows attributable to the asset is discounted to present value using a risk-adjusted discount rate.

2.4 Functional and Presentation Currency:

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (INR) which is the functional currency of the Company. All amounts are rounded to nearest lakhs, unless otherwise stated.

2.5 Current versus Non current classification

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalents unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is treated as current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

2.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. cost includes purchase cost , borrowings cost and cost that are directly attributable to bring asstes to working condition for its intended use net of foreign exchange cost and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to assets, if recognition is met.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company, and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Expenses in the nature of general repairs and maintenance , i.e. in the nature of day to day service costs are charged to income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Parts of some items of property, plant and equipment may require replacement at regular intervals and this would enhance the life of the asset. The Group recognises these in the carrying value of property, plant & equipment and amortised over the period which is lower of replacement period and its useful life. The carrying amount of those parts that are replaced is derecognized in accordance with the derecognition provisions of Ind AS 16.

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost net of accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated on a written down value method over the useful life of the asset as prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation on additions is provided on a pro rata basis from the month of installation or acquisition. Depreciation on deletions/ disposals is provided on a pro rata basis upto the month preceding the month of deletions/ disposals. The estimated useful life of assets are reviewed and where appropriate are adjusted, annually. The estimated useful lives of assets are as follows:

Asset	Useful life
<u>Computers and Data Processing Units</u>	
i) Servers and networks	6 years
ii) End user devices such as laptop, desktop etc.	3 years
<u>Motor Vehicles</u>	
i) Motor cycles, scooters and other mopeds	10 years
ii) Motor cars other than those used in a business of running them on	8 years
<u>Office Equipment's</u>	5 years
<u>Furniture & Fixtures</u>	10 years
<u>Electrical installation and Equipment's</u>	
Lease Hold Improvements	5 years

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An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit and loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

2.7 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition.

Internally Generated Intangibles

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Software product development costs are expensed as incurred unless technical and commercial feasibility of the project is demonstrated, future economic benefits are probable, the Group has an intention and ability to complete and use the software and the costs can be measured reliably. The costs which can be capitalized include the cost of material, direct labour, overhead costs that are directly attributable to preparing the asset for its intended use.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite life are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment, whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period and changes if any, made on prospective basis. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful life are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

The estimated useful lives of intangibles are as follows:

Asset	Useful life
i) Computer software's	3-6 years

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets Other Than Goodwill

The carrying values of property plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite life are reviewed for possible impairment whenever events, circumstances or operating results indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

If at the reporting date, there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the impairment losses previously recognized are reversed such that the asset is recognized at its recoverable amount but not exceeding written down value which would have been reported if the impairment losses had not been recognized initially. An impairment in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

Impairment of Goodwill and intangibles with indefinite useful lives

Goodwill and identifiable intangibles with indefinite useful lives are not amortized but tested for impairment annually or when an event becomes known that could trigger an impairment.

To perform the annual impairment test of goodwill, the Company identified its groups of cash generating units (CGUs) and determined their carrying value by assigning the assets and liabilities, including the existing goodwill and intangible assets, to those CGUs. CGUs reflect the lowest level on which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes.

For the purpose of goodwill impairment testing, all corporate assets and liabilities are allocated to the CGUs. At least once a year, the Company compares the recoverable amount of each CGU to the CGU's carrying amount.

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2.9 Foreign currency translations

Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded applying the exchange rate at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency, remaining unsettled at the end of the year, are translated at the closing exchange rates prevailing on the Standalone Balance Sheet date. Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss.

Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e. translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) or the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss are also reclassified in OCI or the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss, respectively).

2.10 Revenue recognition

The Company earns revenue primarily by sale/distribution of pharmaceutical products. Other sources of revenue include revenue earned through logistic/support fees, dividend and interest income.

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised upon transfer of control of promised goods/ services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expect to be entitled for those goods/ services. When there is uncertainty on ultimate collectability, revenue recognition is postponed until such uncertainty is resolved.

To recognize revenues, the Company applies the following five-step approach:

- Identify the contract with a customer;
- Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- Determine the transaction price;
- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
- Recognise revenues when a performance obligation is satisfied.

Pharmaceutical Products

Revenues generated from the distribution of pharmaceutical and medical products represent the majority of the Company's revenues. The Company orders product from the manufacturer, receives and carries the product at its central distribution facilities, and delivers the product directly to its customers' warehouses, hospitals, or retail pharmacies. The distribution business primarily generates revenue from a contract related to a confirmed purchase order with a customer in a distribution arrangement. Revenue is recognized when control of goods is transferred to the customer which occurs upon the Company's delivery to the customer or upon customer pick-up.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the fixed consideration adjusted for discounts, estimated sales returns, principal versus agent considerations and any other rights and obligations as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers and deposited back to the respective statutory authorities.

Principal Versus Agent Considerations:

The company performs assessment on principal versus agent considerations based on the facts of each scenario. The Company is a principal and records revenue on a gross basis when the Company is primarily responsible for fulfilling the service, has discretion in establishing pricing and controls the promised service before transferring that service to customers.

Dividend and Interest Income

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably).

Interest Income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Logistics fees

Company provides logistics support to its group companies for which it charges logistics fees, the revenue arising from the Logistics contracts where the performance obligation is satisfied over time, revenue is recognised along the period when the services are received and accepted by the customer.

Contract Assets and Liabilities

If the Company performs by transferring services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional. Revenue in excess of billings is recognized as Unbilled revenue and is disclosed under other financial assets. If a customer pays consideration before the company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made.

The Company had no material contract assets, contract liabilities, or deferred contract costs recorded in its Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2025 and April 1, 2024. The Company generally expenses costs to obtain a contract as incurred when the amortization period is less than one year.

2.11 Inventories

The inventory comprises of traded goods which are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventory of traded goods is arrived based on actual cost by batch which comprises cost of purchases and all other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Provision is made for the cost of obsolescence and other anticipated losses, whenever considered necessary.

2.12 Employee benefits

(i) Defined Contribution Plan

The Company has a defined contribution plan for post employment benefits in the form of Provident Fund. Under the Provident Fund Plan, the Company contributes to a Government administered provident fund/recognized provident fund on behalf of the employees. The Company has no further obligation beyond making the monthly contributions. Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

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(ii) Defined Benefit Plan

The Company provides for gratuity to all employees and other contracted employees. The benefit is in the form of lumpsum payments to vested employees on resignation, retirement, or death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days basic salary payable for each completed year of service as required under 'The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972'. Vesting occurs upon completion of five years of service.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method. Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods. Past service cost is recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period of a plan amendment.

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss:

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and
- Net interest expense or income.

An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, these liabilities are highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

(iii) Short term employee benefit

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits include short term compensated absences such as paid annual leave. The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognised as an expense during the period. Benefits such as salaries and wages, etc. and the expected cost of the bonus/ex-gratia are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

2.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

A contract is considered as onerous when the expected economic benefits to be derived by the Company from the contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract.

2.14 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The company does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Contingent liabilities acquired in a business combination are initially measured at fair value at the acquisition date. At the end of subsequent reporting periods, such contingent liabilities are measured at the higher of the amount that would be recognised in accordance with Ind AS 37 and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with Ind AS 115 Revenue from contracts with customers.

2.15 Leases

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assess whether:

- The contract involves the use of an identified asset – this may be specified explicitly or implicitly and should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified;
- The Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- The Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Company has the right when it has the decision-making rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used. In rare cases where the decision about how and for what purpose the asset is used is predetermined, the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset either the Company has the right to operate the asset; or the Company designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the

Where the Company is the lessee:

Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date except for short-term leases which are less than 12 months and leases of low value assets. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any initial direct costs incurred less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

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Lease liabilities

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise of fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments. The lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is re-measured if there is a modification arising due to change in the lease term, change in the lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Company presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property, and lease liabilities, separately in the Standalone Balance Sheet.

Short-term leases and leases of low value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Where the Company is the lessor:

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset is classified as an operating lease. Assets subject to operating leases are included in the property, plant and equipment. Rental income on an operating lease is recognised in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Costs, including depreciation, are recognised as an expense in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.16 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current tax and the net change in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year.

a) Current Tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'Profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Advance taxes and provisions for current income taxes are presented at net in the Balance Sheet after off-setting advance tax paid and income tax provision.

b) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the relevant entity intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

2.18 Business Combinations

The Company accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method of accounting whereby the identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquired business, including contingent consideration, as well as any noncontrolling interest in the acquired business, are recorded at their estimated fair values as of the date that the Company obtains control of the acquired business. Any purchase consideration in excess of the estimated fair values of the net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. Acquisition-related expenses and related restructuring costs are expensed as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

Deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with Ind AS 12 Income Taxes and Ind AS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;

2.18 Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The Company evaluates goodwill for impairment on an annual basis, and more frequently if indicators for potential impairment exist. Goodwill impairment testing is conducted at the reporting unit level, which is generally defined as an operating segment or one level below an operating segment (also known as a component), for which discrete financial information is available and segment management regularly reviews the operating results of that reporting unit.

2.19 Operating Segments

In accordance with Ind AS 108, Operating Segments Reporting, the Group's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") has been identified as the board of directors.

The company is engaged only in Pharma Distribution business and therefore the Company's CODM (Chief Operating Decision Maker; which is the Board of Directors of the company) decided to have only one reportable segment, in accordance with IND AS 108 "Operating Segments".

2.20 Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and Cash Equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage. Restricted cash and bank balances are classified and disclosed as other bank balances.

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2.21 Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit/(loss) after tax (including the post tax effect of exceptional items, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year is number of shares outstanding at the beginning of the year, adjusted by the number of ordinary shares issued during the year multiplied by a time-weighting factor.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders of the Company and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.22 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective asset. Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Borrowing cost includes interest and other costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings.

2.23 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, excluding trade accounts receivables (are measured at their transaction price in accordance with Ind AS 115). Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss.

Financial assets:

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets, excluding trade receivables, are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement:

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments, derivatives and Equity instruments at fair Value through profit or LOSS (FVTPL)
- Equity Investments
- Debt instruments at fair Value through OTHER Comprehensive income (FCOCI)

Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to loans, trade receivables and other financial assets.

Debt instrument at FVTPL

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the Company may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch'). The Company has designated certain investments at FVTPL.

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the P&L.

Equity investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument by- instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the P&L.

Derecognition:

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Impairment of financial assets:

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In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g. deposits, loans, trade receivables, bank balance and other financial assets.

Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115;

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, twelve-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on twelve-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The twelve-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within twelve months after the reporting date.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on a timely basis.

Investments in equity instruments of subsidiaries and associates

Investments in equity instruments of subsidiaries and associates are accounted for at cost in accordance with Ind AS 27 Separate Financial Statements.

Financial liabilities:

Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss; loans and borrowings; payables as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and derivative financial instruments.

Subsequent measurement:

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR (effective interest rate) method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Derecognition:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Reclassification of financial assets

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Classification as debt or Equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a company is recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the company's own equity instruments.

Compound financial instruments

The component parts of compound financial instruments (convertible notes) issued by the Company are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. A conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible instruments. This amount is recognised as a liability on an amortised cost basis using the effective interest method until extinguished upon conversion or at the instrument's maturity date.

The conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the component from the fair value of the liability compound financial instrument as a whole. This is recognised and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised, in which case, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to other component of equity. When the conversion option remains unexercised at the maturity date of the convertible note, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to retained earnings. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the conversion option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible notes are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are recognised directly in equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability component and are amortised over the lives of the convertible notes using the effective interest method.

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

2.24 Non Current Asset Held for Sale

The company classifies non-current assets held for sale if their carrying amounts will be principally recovered through a sale rather than through continuing use of assets and action required to complete such sale indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan to sell will be made or that the decision to sell will be withdrawn. Also, such assets are classified as held for sale only if the management expects to complete the sale within one year from the date of classification.

Non-current assets held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and the fair value less cost to sell. Non-current assets are not depreciated or amortised.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible notes are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are recognised directly in equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability component and are amortised over the lives of the convertible notes using the effective interest method.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible notes are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are recognised directly in equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability component and are amortised over the lives of the convertible notes using the effective interest method.

2.25 Discontinued Operations

A discontinued operation is a 'component' of the Company's business that represents a separate line of business that has been disposed of or is held for sale, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. Classification as a discontinued operation occurs upon the earlier of disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale.

The Company considers the guidance in Ind AS 105 Non-Current assets held for sale and discontinued operations to assess whether a divestment asset would qualify the definition of 'component' prior to classification into discontinued operation.

2.26 Dividend

A final dividend, including tax thereon, on equity shares is recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the shareholders. An interim dividend, including tax thereon, is recorded as a liability on the date of declaration by the board of directors.

Keimed Private Limited**Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025**

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

3 (i) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Description	Leasehold Improvements	Furniture and Fixtures	Office Equipment	Computers & Accessories	Electrical Installation and Equipment	Vehicles	Total
Gross block							
As at April 1, 2023	182.39	281.82	76.82	26.31	186.58	183.95	937.88
Additions	196.84	59.75	62.86	38.85	4.30	81.22	443.82
Additions on merger (refer note 44)	238.19	247.95	45.61	53.05	-	43.01	627.82
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	(13.33)	(13.33)
As at March 31, 2024	617.43	589.52	185.30	118.22	190.87	294.85	1,996.18
Additions	189.62	20.75	39.03	41.59	3.59	83.37	377.96
Slume Sale (refer note 45)	(354.96)	(298.67)	(118.82)	(104.45)	-	(147.32)	(1,024.22)
Disposals	-	(32.59)	(3.14)	(0.39)	(27.27)	-	(63.39)
As at March 31, 2025	452.08	279.01	102.36	54.97	167.19	230.91	1,286.52
Accumulated depreciation							
As at April 1, 2023	0.26	71.14	26.84	9.63	37.10	42.85	187.82
Charge for the year	257.39	140.53	58.95	49.24	39.57	73.18	618.86
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	(10.41)	(10.41)
As at March 31, 2024	257.65	211.67	85.79	58.87	76.67	105.63	796.27
Charge for the year	158.41	99.05	49.76	39.65	26.27	65.68	438.82
Slume Sale (refer note 45)	(294.38)	(138.64)	(65.10)	(63.58)	-	(43.13)	(604.83)
Disposals	-	(13.72)	(1.46)	(0.15)	(12.15)	-	(27.48)
As at March 31, 2025	121.68	158.36	68.99	34.79	90.79	128.18	602.78
Net carrying amount							
As at March 31, 2024	359.78	377.85	99.50	59.34	114.20	189.22	1,199.91
As at March 31, 2025	330.41	120.65	33.37	20.18	76.40	102.72	683.74

Keimed Private Limited**Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025**

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

3 (ii) RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

Particulars	Buildings	Total
Gross Block		
As at April 1, 2023	-	-
Additions	455.33	455.33
Deletion	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	455.33	455.33
Additions	186.69	186.69
Slume Sale	(637.07)	(637.07)
Deletion	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	4.96	4.96
Accumulated depreciation		
As at April 1, 2023	-	-
Charge for the year	119.02	119.02
Deletion	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	119.02	119.02
Charge for the year	123.43	123.43
Slume Sale (refer note 45)	(238.73)	(238.73)
Deletion	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	3.72	3.72
Net carrying amount		
As at March 31, 2024	336.32	336.32
As at March 31, 2025	1.24	1.24

3 (iii) OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Particulars	Software	Grand Total
Gross block		
As at April 1, 2023	45.95	45.95
Additions	13.10	13.10
Additions on merger (refer note 44)	107.22	107.22
Disposals	(95.36)	(95.36)
As at March 31, 2024	70.92	70.92
Additions	8.66	8.66
Slume Sale (refer note 45)	(12.61)	(12.61)
Disposals	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	66.97	66.97
Accumulated amortization		
As at April 1, 2023	16.97	16.97
Amortisation for the year	55.06	55.06
Disposals	(31.59)	(31.59)
As at March 31, 2024	40.44	40.44
Amortization for the year	14.91	14.91
Slume Sale (refer note 45)	(10.73)	(10.73)
Disposals	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	44.62	44.62
Net carrying amount		
As at March 31, 2024	30.47	30.47
As at March 31, 2025	22.35	22.35

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

3.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Carrying amounts of:		
Leasehold Improvements	330.41	359.78
Computers & Servers	20.18	59.34
Electrical Installation and Equipment	76.40	114.20
Furniture and Fixtures	120.65	377.85
Office Equipment	33.37	99.50
Vehicles	102.72	189.22
Total	683.74	1,199.91

3.2 Right-of-use assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Carrying amounts of:		
Building -Right of Use of Assets (IND 116)	1.24	336.32
Total	1.24	336.32

Notes:

- All lease agreements are duly executed and are in the name of the company
- The Company has lease contracts for offices Properties (e.g. office, plants used in its operations) and vehicles having lease terms of 3 to 10 years. The Company's obligations under its leases are secured by the lessor's title to the leased assets. Generally, the Company is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets. There are several lease contracts that include extension and termination options and variable lease payments
The Company also has certain lease contracts for property and machinery with lease terms of 12 months or less and leases for office equipment with lowvalue. The
- Company applies the 'short-term lease' and 'lease of low-value assets' recognition exemptions for these leases.
- The Company has not revalued any of Right of use assets during the current or previous year
- The maturity analysis of lease liabilities are presented in note 18.
- The following are the amounts recognized in statement of profit and loss

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	123.43	119.02
Interest expense on lease liabilities	41.62	40.49
Expense relating to short-term leases	397.14	401.49
Total	562.19	561.00
(vii) Total cash outflow for leases	540.36	536.25

3.3 Intangible assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Software	22.35	30.47
Total	22.35	30.47

4 GOODWILL

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Balance as at beginning of the year	15,841.02	15,841.02
Acquisition through business combination	-	-
Impairment		
Total	15,841.02	15,841.02

The Company operates as a single Cash Generating Unit (CGU) and all the goodwill recognized on business combinations is allocated to this unit which is expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisitions.

Based on the assessment, the management has concluded that there is no impairment of goodwill. The management believes that any reasonably possible further change in key assumptions on which recoverable amount is based would not cause the carrying amount of the goodwill related to each of the significant units to exceed its recoverable amount.

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

5 INVESTMENTS

Particulars	No. of Shares as at March	No. of Shares as at March	Face Value	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Investment carried at cost/Amortised Cost					
A) Investment in Equity instruments					
a) Investment in Equity instruments of subsidiaries (Unquoted)					
Adeline Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	3,05,10,000	75,10,000	10	4,073.63	751.00
Anila Medical Private Limited	51,000	51,000	100	499.80	499.80
ATC Medicare Private Limited	1,36,00,000	76,00,000	10	1,720.72	760.00
Auspharma Private Limited	10,000	10,000	10	1.00	1.00
Balaji Pharma Trade Private Limited	1,00,000	1,00,000	10	600.87	600.87
Dhruvi Healthcare Private Limited	71,00,000	71,00,000	10	710.00	710.00
Focus Medisales Private Limited	10,00,000	10,00,000	10	50.00	50.00
Kamal Distributors Private Limited	6,047	6,047	100	792.96	792.96
Lakshmi Annapurna Medical Distributors Pvt Ltd	1,00,000	1,00,000	10	636.19	636.19
Lifeline Pharma Distributors Private Limited	20,10,000	20,10,000	10	201.00	201.00
LPH Pharma Private Limited	1,50,000	1,50,000	100	159.23	159.23
Lucky Pharma Logistics Private Limited	2,50,10,000	75,10,000	10	1,159.51	751.00
Medihauze Healthcare Private Limited	5,00,000	5,00,000	10	350.86	350.86
Medihauze International India Private Limited	4,40,10,000	7,51,000	10	4,490.92	751.00
Medihauze Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	1,05,10,000	75,10,000	10	1,084.78	751.00
Meher Lifecare Private Limited	20,000	20,000	10	2.00	2.00
Neelkanth Pharma Logisitics Private Limited	2,05,10,000	75,10,000	10	12,143.76	751.00
New Amar Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	50,10,000	50,10,000	10	501.00	501.00
New Welcome Agencies Private Limited	-	1,000	10	-	1.00
Palepu Pharma Distributors Private Limited	9,75,10,000	75,10,000	10	4,831.15	751.00
Poornima Medical Agencies Private Limited	1,00,000	1,00,000	10	1,012.37	1,012.37
Sanjeevani Pharma Distributors Private Limited	29,99,940	29,99,940	10	5.00	5.00
Shanbalaji Pharma Distributors Private Limited	5,10,000	5,10,000	10	51.00	51.00
Shreeamman Pharma India Private Limited	70,10,000	70,10,000	10	701.00	701.00
Shree Datta Agencies Private Limited	30,500	30,500	10	160.55	160.55
Singla Medicos Pharma Solutions Private Limited	20,000	20,000	10	2.00	2.00
Srinivasa Medisales Private Limited	30,00,000	30,00,000	10	50.00	50.00
Srinivasa Pharma Dist. Private Limited	1,00,000	1,00,000	10	206.00	206.00
Ssnd Distributors Private Limited	11,10,000	11,10,000	10	111.00	111.00
Tirath Singh & Bros Agencies Private Limited	1,00,000	1,00,000	10	43.30	43.30
Vardhman Medisales Private Limited	3,70,10,000	75,10,000	10	2,441.26	751.00
Vasu Agencies Drugs Private Limited	1,60,10,000	75,10,000	10	1,528.56	751.00
Vasu Pharma Drugs Private Limited	1,35,10,000	95,10,000	10	1,186.44	951.00
Vvsd Hyd Private Limited	90,10,000	90,10,000	10	901.00	901.00
Venkatasai Agencies Drugs Private Limited	55,10,000	55,10,000	10	551.00	551.00
Yashvi Pharma Private Limited	10,000	10,000	10	1.00	1.00
Yogiram Distributors Private Limited	1,000	1,000	100	1,000.00	1,000.00
Shivanitin Agencies Private Limited	1,50,000	1,50,000	10	915.00	915.00
Chandrasekhara Pharma Private Limited	100	100	100	250.00	250.00
Levikas Enterprise Private Limited	10,000	10,000	10	500.00	500.00
Sri Venkateswara Galaxy Medical Distributors Private Limited	1,50,000	1,50,000	10	1,565.00	1,565.00
Sreekara Medicine House Private Limited	1,50,000	1,50,000	10	320.00	320.00
Guninaa Pharmaceutical Private Limited	1,00,000	1,00,000	10	909.86	909.86
MSN Medisales Private Limited	6,10,000	-	10	351.00	-
New Viswabharathy Drug Lines Private Limited	1,50,000	-	10	419.54	-
Medicotrade Distributor Private Limited	1,000	-	10	376.39	-
				-	-
Total (A)				49,567.64	21,479.99
(B) In Compulsory Convertible Debentures of Subsidiary Companies (FVTPL)					
8% CCD's Vasu Agencies Drugs Private Limited	-	85,00,000	10	-	777.56
8% CCD's Medihauze Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	-	30,00,000	10	-	333.78
8% CCD's Adeline Pharmaceuticals	-	2,30,00,000	10	-	3,322.63
8% CCD's Neelkanth Pharma Logistics Pvt Ltd	-	1,30,00,000	10	-	11,392.76
8% CCD's ATC Medicare Pvt Ltd	-	60,00,000	10	-	960.72
8% CCD's Vasu Pharma Drugs Private Limited	-	40,00,000	10	-	235.44
8% CCD's Medihauze International India Private Limited	-	3,65,00,000	10	-	3,739.92
8% CCD's Palepu Pharma Distributors Private Limited	-	9,00,00,000	10	-	4,080.15
8% CCD's Vardhman Medisales Private limited	-	2,95,00,000	10	-	1,690.26
8% CCD's Lucky Pharma Logistics Private Limited	-	1,75,00,000	10	-	408.51
Total (B)				-	26,941.74
Total investments (A+B)				49,567.64	48,421.72

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

6 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS (valued at amortized cost)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Fixed deposits with banks having maturity period of more than twelve months- considered good	-	1.00
Security Deposit for Long-Term Lease	-	280.12
Security Deposits - unsecured, considered good	4.53	17.65
Total	4.53	298.77
Less: Impairment allowance for doubtful balances	-	-
Total other financial assets	4.53	298.77

7 OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Capital advances	-	233.68
Balance with statutory authorities	-	118.62
Total	-	352.29

CURRENT ASSETS

8 INVENTORIES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Stock-in-trade	6,484.68	4,259.37
Right to receive asset (sales return)	20.90	51.73
Less: Provision for Non-Moving Inventory	-	(43.69)
Total	6,505.58	4,267.41

CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

9 TRADE RECEIVABLES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Unsecured		
Trade receivables- considered good	8.36	3,115.82
Trade receivables- considered doubtful	-	-
Trade receivables from related parties -considered good	12,170.65	30,708.16
Trade receivables from related parties -considered doubtful	-	-
	12,179.01	33,823.99
Less: Allowance for credit losses	-	(84.99)
Total trade receivables (i)	12,179.01	33,739.00

Note:

No trade receivables are due from directors or other officers from the Company either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade receivables are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a member.

(i) TRADE RECEIVABLES AGEING

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Balance as at March 31, 2025							
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	6,424.99	5,722.50	31.52	-	-	-	12,179.01
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub total	6,424.99	5,722.50	31.52	-	-	-	12,179.01
Less: Allowance for credit losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	6,424.99	5,722.50	31.52	-	-	-	12,179.01
Balance as at March 31, 2024							
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	29,167.65	3,123.88	449.56	227.01	181.44	674.46	33,823.99
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub total	29,167.65	3,123.88	449.56	227.01	181.44	674.46	33,823.99
Less: Allowance for credit losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	(84.99)
Total	29,167.65	3,123.88	449.56	227.01	181.44	674.46	33,739.00

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

10 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Bank Balance	140.83	365.56
Current account	5,892.95	-
Cash on hand	0.58	46.18
Fixed deposits account with an original maturity of less than three months	8.35	300.85
Total	6,042.71	712.59

11 OTHER BANK BALANCES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Fixed deposits with original maturity of more than three months but less than twelve months	-	-
Deposits held as margin money against bank guarantee with remaining maturity of less than twelve months	-	300.00
Total	-	300.00

Note:

There are no restrictions with regard to cash and cash equivalents as at the reporting date and prior periods.

12 LOANS - CURRENT

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Unsecured Loans		
Loans to related parties (Refer Note 43)	16,084.01	7,537.46
Loans to others	250.00	-
Total	16,334.01	7,537.46

13 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated) (at amortized cost except Derivative assets)		
Security Deposit for Short-Term Lease	68.08	-
Other security deposits	13.38	-
Claims Receivables	284.38	-
Interest receivable on Debentures	-	1,372.55
Interest Receivable	-	6.38
Short term loan to employees	39.84	38.83
Receivables from Related Parties	-	-
Other Receivables	1.50	-
Total	407.18	1,417.77

14 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Advance to vendors	9.80	5,978.91
Other Non Financial Advances	-	843.62
Prepaid expenses	65.42	132.06
Balance with statutory/ government authorities		
Income Tax refund	568.00	-
GST Input Credit	-	325.01
Deposits with Government Bodies	42.48	-
Total	685.70	7,279.61

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

15 EQUITY

Particulars	No of Shares as at March 31, 2025	No of Shares as at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(A) Equity share capital				
(a) Authorized				
Equity Shares, INR10 face value	6,20,10,000	6,20,10,000	6,201.00	6,201.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up				
Equity Shares, INR10 face value	68,72,937	59,48,959	687.29	594.90
Share pending issuance (Refer note k below)				
Equity Shares, Rs. 10 face value	-	7,71,447	-	77.14

(b) Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	No. of shares (in)	Amount	No. of shares (in)	Amount
At the beginning of the year	59,48,959	595	59,48,959	594.90
Issued during the year	9,23,978	92	-	-
Bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
At the end of the year	68,72,937	687.29	59,48,959.00	594.90

(c) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has equity shares having par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

During the year 2024-25, the pending share value of Rs.77.14 Lacs has been converted into Equity Share Capital by way of allotment of shares to the Promoters of 19 merged entities.

During the year 2024-25, the Company had allotted 1,06,007 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each at a Premium of Rs.9,423.28 per Share as Preferential Allotment to M/s. Apollo Healthco Limited

(d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company is set out below (representing legal and beneficial ownership):

Name of Shareholders	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	No. of shares (in)	Amount	No. of shares (in)	Amount
Mrs. Shobana Kamineni	8,74,850	12.73%	15,37,857	25.85%
M/s. Family Health Plan Insurance TPA Ltd.	11,07,710	16.12%	11,07,710	18.62%
M/s.Prime Time Logistics Technologies Pvt.Ltd	11,89,792	17.31%	11,89,792	20.00%
Mr. Anil Kamineni	18,00,100	26.19%	18,00,100	30.26%
M/s. Apollo Healthco Limited	7,69,014	11.19%	-	0.00%
Mr. Puansh Kamineni	3,09,650	4.51%	3,09,650	5.21%

(e) Details of shares held by promoters at the end of the year

As at March 31, 2025

Name of Shareholders	No. of shares (in)	% of Total Shares	% Change during the year
Mrs. Shobana Kamineni	8,74,850.00	12.73%	-43.11%
M/s. Family Health Plan Insurance TPA Ltd.	11,07,710.00	16.12%	0.00%
M/s.Prime Time Logistics Technologies Pvt.Ltd	11,89,792.00	17.31%	0.00%
Mr. Anil Kamineni	18,00,100.00	26.19%	0.00%
M/s. Apollo Healthco Limited	7,69,014.00	11.19%	100.00%
Mr. Puansh Kamineni	3,09,650.00	4.51%	0.00%

As at March 31, 2024

Name of Shareholders	No. of shares (in)	% of Total Shares	% Change during the year
Mrs. Shobana Kamineni	15,37,857	25.85%	-
M/s. Family Health Plan Insurance TPA Ltd.	11,07,710	18.62%	-
M/s.Prime Time Logistics Technologies Pvt.Ltd	11,89,792	20.00%	-
Mr. Anil Kamineni	18,00,100	30.26%	-
Mr. Puansh Kamineni	3,09,650	5.21%	-

(f) During the year 2024-25, 1,06,007 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each were allotted to M/s. Apollo Healthco Limited under Preferential allotment at a premium of Rs.9,423.28 per Share.

(g) During the financial year 2024-25, 4,65,240 equity shares of ₹10/- each were allotted to the promoters of Medsmart Logistics Private Limited. This allotment was made pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation, in accordance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and as approved by the relevant regulatory authorities.

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

(h) During the year 2024-25, 6,63,007 Equity Shares were transferred from Mrs. Shobana Kamineni to M/s. Apollo Healthco Limited

(i) There are no shares allotted by way of bonus shares from the date of incorporation of the Company.

(j) There are no shares allotted pursuant to contracts without payment being received in cash from the date of incorporation of the Company.

(k) There are no securities convertible into equity shares.

(l) There are no shares bought back from the date of incorporation of the Company.

(m) Issue of shares to shareholders of 19 subsidiaries

During the year the company has received approval from the National Company Law Tribunal for scheme of Amalgamation ("the Scheme") with its 19 subsidiaries (Transferee companies) namely, Vasu Agencies Hyd Private Limited, Vardhman Pharma Distributors Private Limited, Palepu Pharma Private Limited, Dhruvi Pharma Private Limited, Meher Distributors Private Limited, Neelkanth Drugs Private Limited, ATC Pharma Private Limited, Lifeline Pharmaceutical Private Limited, Lucky Pharmaceutical Private Limited, Medihauxe International Private Limited, Medhauxe Pharma Private Limited, New Amar Agencies Private Limited, Shanbalaji Pharma Private Limited, Shree Amman Pharma Private Limited, Singla Medicos Private Limited, Vasu Pharma Distributors Private Limited, Vasu Vaccines & Speciality Drugs Private Limited, Venkatasai agencies Private Limited, under the provisions of Section 233 and the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, with effect from the Appointed Date of April 1, 2022 ("Scheme"). The new shares have been issued to the minority shareholders.

16 OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Securities Premium	17,625.21	3,641.53
General Reserve	1,280.08	1,280.08
Capital Reserve	16,920.81	16,920.81
Capital Redemption Reserve	1,920.00	1,920.00
Retained earnings	45,704.64	44,070.06
Total	83,450.74	67,832.48

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
a) Securities Premium		
Opening Balance	3,641.53	3,641.53
Add: Changes during the period	13,983.68	-
Less: Transferred to Capital Reserve	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	17,625.21	3,641.53
b) General Reserve		
Opening Balance	1,280.08	1,280.08
Add: Transferred from Share based payments reserve	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	1,280.08	1,280.08
c) Capital Reserve		
Opening Balance	16,920.81	14,171.49
Capital Reserve arising from Business Combination	-	14.79
Gain on bargain purchases	-	2,734.53
Balance at the end of the year	16,920.81	16,920.81
d) Capital Redemption Reserve		
Opening Balance	1,920.00	1,920.00
Add: Transfer from Profit and Loss account	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	1,920.00	1,920.00
e) Retained earnings		
Opening Balance	44,070.06	36,717.72
Add: Profit/(loss) for the year	2,632.35	7,942.27
Add: Other comprehensive income/(loss)	0.35	4.97
Less: Final Dividend paid	(998.12)	(594.90)
Balance at the end of the year	45,704.64	44,070.06

Note: During FY 2024-25 the Company has given Final dividend of INR 14.75 (FY 2023-24 - INR 10) per share to holder of equity shares.

Description of nature and purpose of each reserve

Capital Reserve : Capital Reserve has been created on account of Business Combination and merger of 19 Subsidiary Companies

Capital Redemption Reserve : Capital Redemption Reserve has been created on account of Redemption of Preference Shares in Keimed Private Limited, Meher Distributors Private Limited and Dhruvi Pharma Private Limited.

Retained earnings - Retained Earnings are the profits that the company has earned till date less dividend or other distribution or transaction with shareholders

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

17 BORROWINGS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Term Loans from Banks	5,951.33	8,116.33
Less: current maturities clubbed under other current financial liabilities from finance lease obligation	(2,411.43)	(2,340.00)
	3,539.91	5,776.33

Summary of Borrowing arrangements

Particulars	Principal Outstanding as at March 31, 2025	Principal Outstanding as at March 31, 2024	Nature of Security	Interest rate	% to the total Loans and Advances As at March 31, 2025	% to the total Loans and Advances As at March 31, 2024
Aditya Birla Finance Limited	5,951.33	8,116.33	Provided below	9.95%	35.32%	26.80%

18 LEASE LIABILITY

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Non current Lease Liability	-	267.54
Current Lease Liability	1.35	87.72
Total	1.35	355.26

The movement in lease liabilities during the years ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 is as follows :

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Balance at the beginning of the year	355.26	-
Additions	-	449.53
Finance cost accrued during the year	41.62	40.49
Deletions	(252.30)	-
Payment of lease liabilities	(143.22)	(134.76)
Balance at the end of the year	1.35	355.26

19 NON CURRENT PROVISIONS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Provision for gratuity (refer note 24)	-	210.69
Total	-	210.69

20 BORROWINGS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Secured - at amortised cost		
Working Capital Demand Loans from Banks	10,900.00	15,900.00
Working Capital Facilities from Banks	-	5,213.52
Current maturities of long term loans	2,411.43	2,340.00
Unsecured - at amortised cost		
Loan from Directors	-	227.50
Loans - From Related Parties	-	776.71
Loans - From Group companies	-	55.17
Total	13,311.43	24,512.90

Note

Summary of borrowing arrangements:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
1. Working Capital Demand Loans from banks: It is secured by hypothecation of stocks and book debts both present & future and personal guarantee by Mrs. Shobana Kamineni (Director). Interest payable @ 9 / 9.5% for both the years.	10,900.00	15,900.00
2. Working Capital Facilities from Banks: It is secured by hypothecation of stocks and book debts both present & future and personal guarantee by Mrs. Shobana Kamineni (Director). Interest payable @ 9 / 9.5% for both the years.	-	5,213.52
3. Loan from related parties: Unsecured loans from subsidiaries are taken at prevailing market interest rate, ranging from 8-10% which are repayable on demand.	-	1,059.38
4. Current maturities of long term debt	2,411.43	2,340.00

21 TRADE PAYABLES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Total outstanding dues of Micro, Small and Medium enterprises (refer note below for details of dues to MSME)	-	3,123.30
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro, Small and Medium enterprises	6,268.86	12,200.21
Total	6,268.86	15,323.51

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME						
As at March 31, 2025	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	-	3,095.27	27.10	0.93	-	3,123.30
(ii) Others						
As at March 31, 2025	3,804.3	2,464.53	-	-	-	6,268.86
As at March 31, 2024	-	12,187.51	9.57	3.13	-	12,200.21

a. Information as required to be furnished as per section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) for the year ended March 31, 2024 is given below. This information has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
i) Principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier covered under MSMED Act:		
Principal	-	3,123.30
Interest	-	-
ii) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	-	-
iii) The amount of interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day)	-	-
iv) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	-	-
v) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as	-	-

22 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Other payables:		
Payables to MSME	-	-
Payables to Others	39.87	255.54
Payables to Related Parties	515.92	1,107.64
Accrued Expenses and Other Payables	18.46	5.64
Purchase consideration payable on merger	-	3,999.00
Total	574.25	5,367.82

23 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Advance from customers	-	112.84
TDS /TCS Payable	67.54	87.50
GST Payable	188.05	1,044.18
ESI Payable	1.44	1.44
Professional Tax Payable	0.05	0.06
Provident Fund Payable	19.33	17.75
Other Statutory dues payables	-	28.77
Other Expenses Payable	139.57	-
Provision for Audit fees	16.20	12.60
Refund liability (sales return)	21.33	56.83
Total	453.52	1,361.97

24 CURRENT PROVISIONS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
i) Provision for employee benefits		
Provision for Gratuity (Refer note 40)	91.81	29.62
Provision for Leave encashment	37.40	16.76
Provision for Bonus	94.29	113.94
(i)	223.50	160.32
ii) Other provisions		
Provision for CSR Expenditure	-	10.78
(ii)	-	10.78
Total	223.50	171.10

25 Tax Assets and Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Income tax payable	885.11	1,999.12
Less:		
Advance Tax & Tax refund receivable	(1,770.82)	(2,536.41)
Tax (Assets) / Liabilities	(885.71)	(537.29)

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

26 INCOME TAXES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(a) Income tax expense in the statement of profit and loss comprises :		
Current income tax charge	885.11	1,999.12
Current tax pertaining to prior years	(191.80)	(94.31)
Deferred Tax:		
- Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(38.06)	865.46
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	655.25	2,770.26
(b) Other comprehensive income		
Remeasurement of the defined benefit plan {gain/(loss)}	31.01	6.64
Income tax related to items recognized in OCI during the period	(7.80)	(1.67)
Income tax related to items recognized in OCI during the year	(7.80)	(1.67)
(c) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate :		
Accounting profit before tax	3,287.60	10,712.54
Applicable tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Computed Tax Expense	827.42	2,696.13
Tax effect due to expenses not deductible for tax purposes/income not included	78.50	-
Tax on profit/(loss) transferred through WOS		(109.87)
Tax impact of Slume Sale	(58.86)	-
Current tax pertaining to prior years	(191.80)	(94.31)
Excess provision Provision made in Books	-	(191.64)
Income deductible from total income	-	532.30
Others	-	(62.33)
Income tax charged to Statement of Profit and Loss	655.26	2,770.26

(d) Deferred tax Assets/(Liability) (net) comprises :

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Property, plant and equipment	153.12	202.20
Right-of-use assets	(0.31)	(84.64)
Other intangible assets	(4.10)	-
Financial assets and Others(Net)	(966.89)	(944.54)
Provisions	0.11	10.32
Financial Liabilities and Others(Net)	(2.18)	(4.28)
Lease Liabilities	0.34	89.41
Retirement Benefit Plans	28.22	42.73
Others	1.30	1.30
Other tax losses- Long term capital loss	130.44	-
Other tax losses- Short term capital loss	10.38	-
Deferred tax Assets/(Liability) (net)	(649.58)	(687.51)

Reconciliation of deferred tax balance (net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Opening Balance	(687.52)	179.61
Tax (expense)/credit recognized in profit and loss account during the year	38.06	(865.46)
Tax (expense)/credit recognized in other comprehensive income during the year	(0.12)	(1.67)
Net deferred tax asset at the end of the year	(649.57)	(687.52)

The company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable rights to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income tax levied by the same tax authorities.

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

27 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Sale of traded goods	1,57,210.81	1,66,071.16
Revenue from operations	1,57,210.81	1,66,071.16

As mentioned in the accounting policies for refund liability set forth in note 2.9 of these financial statements, the Company recognises an asset, (i.e., the right to the returned goods) which is included in inventories for the products expected to be returned. The Company initially measures this asset at the former carrying amount of the inventory, less any expected costs to recover the goods, including any potential decreases in the value of the returned goods. Along with re-measuring the refund liability at the end of each reporting period, the Company updates the measurement of the asset recorded for any revisions to its expected level of returns, as well as any additional decreases in the value of the returned products. As on 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024, the Company had 20.9 lakhs and 51.73 lakhs, respectively as contract assets representing the right to returned goods.

28 OTHER INCOME

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
a) Interest income on :		
Financial instruments measured at amortised cost:		
Interest Income - Bank deposits	17.39	-
Interest Income - Unsecured Loans	364.03	-
Interest Income - Unsecured Loans to related parties	549.93	940.11
Interest Income - Debentures	1,807.50	1,833.12
Interest Income - Income Tax Refund	-	8.28
Interest Income - Others	2.35	-
Notional interest on security deposits	2.20	2.14
b) Dividend income:		
Dividend income on investment	1,303.85	599.99
c) Other non-operating income		
Rent Income	-	23.37
Commission Income	272.43	802.54
Miscellaneous income	15.94	3.40
Excess provisions/liabilities written back	-	16.51
Logistic charges received	2,909.77	3,423.66
d) Other gain and losses		
Net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	245.52
Fair value gain on equity investments (Compulsorily convertible debentures)	-	3,841.74
Total	7,245.37	11,740.37

29 PURCHASES OF STOCK-IN-TRADE

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Purchases of traded goods	1,57,004.98	1,53,704.29
Total	1,57,004.98	1,53,704.29

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

30 CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF TRADED GOODS

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
At the beginning of the year	4,267.41	6,691.51
Less: At the end of the year	6,484.68	4,215.68
Returnable Inventory (Net)	20.90	51.73
Inventory transferred as part of a slump sale of a CGU	(5,813.85)	-
(Increase) / decrease in traded goods	(8,052.02)	2,424.10

31 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Salaries and wages	3,051.76	2,859.05
Manpower Expenses	115.50	-
Directors Remuneration	382.50	382.50
Contribution to provident and other funds	193.46	179.67
Contribution to ESI	18.28	16.56
Gratuity expense	61.89	52.99
Bonus	96.59	74.48
Insurance	70.16	47.01
Leave Encashment	73.90	44.42
Staff welfare expenses	105.94	187.12
Total	4,169.96	3,843.80

32 FINANCE COSTS

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
a) Interest costs		
Interest on Bank Loans	1,449.75	1,411.80
Interest on Term loans	721.71	709.03
Interest on loans from related parties	95.98	62.92
Interest on lease liability	41.62	40.49
Interest on MSME	17.48	-
Other interest expenses	24.01	-
Interest on Statutory dues	0.06	23.44
b) Other borrowing costs		
Loan Processing charges	0.65	-
Bank charges	62.69	56.84
Total	2,413.96	2,304.51

33 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Depreciation expenses (refer note 3)	438.81	618.86
Amortization expenses (refer note 4)	14.91	55.06
Depreciation on Right-to-Use assets	123.43	119.02
Total	577.15	792.94

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

34 OTHER EXPENSES

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
a) Establishment Cost		
Rent	397.14	401.49
Repairs & Maintenance	229.23	228.86
Electricity Charges	144.61	162.29
House Keeping Charges	42.59	18.52
Establishment Cost - Total	813.57	811.17
b) Operating costs		
Vehicle Repairs & Maintenance	31.99	32.05
Travelling and Conveyance	375.72	284.00
Software Expenses	53.92	60.49
Annual Maintenance Charges	32.43	14.02
Bad debt written off	295.42	2.67
Expected Credit Loss On Trade Receivables	79.08	49.91
Loss on Sale of Investments	-	51.00
Impairment of financial asset	-	157.65
Operating Cost	868.56	651.79
c) Administration expenses		
Printing and stationery expenses	125.86	211.44
Courier, Postage & Telegrams	42.30	13.09
Communication expenses	33.95	30.74
Insurance charges - Vehicles	5.83	5.26
Insurance charges - Fixed Assets	0.48	0.22
Insurance charges - Stocks	30.95	31.05
Rates and taxes	123.74	169.28
Directors Sitting Fee	10.00	5.00
Security Charges	106.02	99.04
Donations	8.50	7.25
Miscellaneous expenses	13.54	33.21
Admn Exp - Total	501.18	605.59
d) Selling & Distribution Cost		
Management / Logistic Fee	1.75	6.50
Royalty Fees	156.59	96.68
Sales Commission	-	0.06
Membership & Subscription Expenses	1.53	-
Marketing and promotional Expenses	86.38	59.03
Advertisement	0.15	5.95
Packing Charges	36.14	59.07
Freight charges	660.66	698.81
Selling & Distribution Cost - Total	943.20	926.09
d) Payment to auditors		
Payment to auditors	84.91	62.42
Professional charges	793.66	625.65
e) Expenditures incurred for corporate social responsibilities		
Corporate Social Responsibility expense	159.76	346.64
Total	4,164.83	4,029.35

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

(i) Corporate social responsibility

As per provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has to incur at least 2% of average net profits of the preceding three financial years towards Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR"). Accordingly, a CSR committee has been formed for carrying out CSR activities as per the Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	159.76	346.64
b) Amount spent during the year on:	159.76	346.64

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025 Amount spent	Year ended March 31, 2024 Amount spent
(i) Construction/acquisition of any asset		
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	159.76	346.64
Total amount spent	159.76	346.64

Details related to spent / unspent obligations

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
i) Contribution to PM Care Fund		
ii) Contribution to Charitable Trust	159.76	346.64
iii) Unspent amount in relation to:		-
- Ongoing project		
- Other than ongoing project		
Total	159.76	346.64

35 EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Gain On Slump Sale (refer note 46)	(234.56)	-
Impairment of financial asset (Loan)	1,124.28	-
Total	889.72	-

(i) On 23th March 2025, the Company completed the sale of its Cash Generating Unit (Keimed Surgical Division) as a going concern in a slump sale transaction. The total consideration received was Rs 7,000.00 Lacs, resulting in a gain of 234.56 Lacs.

This gain is presented as an exceptional item in the statement of profit and loss, as it is non-recurring and material to the Company's financial performance.

(ii) During the year, the Company waived an outstanding loan amounting to ₹1124.28 lakhs given to its subsidiary, Shree Datta Agencies Private Limited. The waiver has been recognized as an exceptional item in the Statement of Profit and Loss. This transaction has been accounted for in accordance with the applicable accounting standards and represents a non-recurring loss to the Company.

36 COMPONENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
The disaggregation of changes to OCI in equity is shown below:		
i) Remeasurements of the defined benefit plan {gain/(loss)} (refer note 40)	0.46	6.64
ii) Income tax effect (refer note 26)	(0.12)	(1.67)
	0.35	4.97

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

37 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
(a) Basic Earnings per share		
Numerator for earnings per share		
Profit/(Loss) for the year	2,632.35	7,947.24
Denominator for earnings per share		
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding (Nos. in Lakhs) during the year	65.52	59.33
Earnings per share-Basic (one equity share of Rs. 10 each)	40.17	133.96
(b) Diluted Earnings per share		
Numerator for earnings per share		
Profit/(Loss) for the year	2,632.35	7,947.24
Denominator for earnings per share		
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding (Nos. in Lakhs) during the year	65.52	59.33
Earnings per share- Diluted (one equity share of Rs. 10 each)	40.17	133.96

Note: There are no instruments issued by the Company which have effect of dilution of basic earning per share.

38 SEGMENT REPORTING

a) Business Segment

The Board of Directors are the Company's Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) who monitors the operating results of its business segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. The Company has only one reportable segments on the basis of goods provided.

- Pharma Distribution- Company's principal business is distribution of medicines and pharma products.

b) The operations of the company are mainly carried out within the country and therefore there is no reportable geographical segment.

c) Information about major customer: Revenue from any single customer is exceeds 10% of the company's total revenue.

S No Customer Name

- 1 Apollo Healthco Limited
- 2 Apollo Hospital Enterprise Limited

39 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Corporate Guarantee given for related parties	1,75,100.00	1,39,719.30
	1,75,100.00	1,39,719.30

KEIMED PRIVATE LIMITED

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AS ON 31st MARCH 2025

NATURE OF CONTINGENT LIABILITY - CORPORATE GUARANTEES EXECUTED

S. No.	Name of the Subsidiary Company	Corporate Guarantees Amount Rs.	
		As At 31 Mar 2025	As At 31 Mar 2024
1	Lifeline Pharma Distributors Private Limited	15,00,00,000	12,00,00,000
2	Srinivasa Pharma Distributors Private Limited	20,00,00,000	15,00,00,000
3	Yogiram Distributors Private Limited	50,00,00,000	27,00,00,000
4	Dhruvi Healthcare Private Limited	75,00,00,000	60,00,00,000
5	Medihauze Healthcare Private Limited	11,00,00,000	6,00,00,000
6	Meher Lifecare Private Limited	90,00,00,000	77,66,30,000
7	New Amar Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	33,00,00,000	26,53,00,000
8	ATC Medicare Private Limited	44,00,00,000	39,00,00,000
9	Guninaa Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	8,00,00,000	-
10	Chandrasekhara Pharma Private Limited	20,00,00,000	20,00,00,000
11	Vasu Agencies Drugs Private Limited	104,00,00,000	94,00,00,000
12	MSN Medishield Private Limited	10,00,00,000	-
13	New Viswabharathy Drug Lines Private Limited	8,00,00,000	-
14	Vardhman Medisales Private Limited	70,00,00,000	60,00,00,000
15	Sreekara Medicine House Private Limited	15,00,00,000	12,00,00,000
16	Sri Venkateswara Galaxy Medical Distributors Private Limited	50,00,00,000	25,50,00,000
17	Neelkanth Pharma Logistics Private Limited	250,00,00,000	130,00,00,000
18	Shivanitin Agencies Private Limited	40,00,00,000	26,00,00,000
19	Meher Lifecare Private Limited	1,70,00,000	-
20	Focus Medisales Private Limited	100,00,00,000	30,00,00,000
21	Srinivasa Medisales Private Limited	-	48,00,00,000
22	Singlamedicos Pharma Solutions Private Limited	25,00,00,000	18,00,00,000
23	Sanjeevani Pharma Distributors Private Limited	100,00,00,000	100,00,00,000
24	Palepu Pharma Distributors Private Limited	212,80,00,000	172,80,00,000
25	LPH Pharma Private Limited	9,00,00,000	9,00,00,000
26	Shree Amman Pharma India Private Limited	30,60,00,000	30,60,00,000
27	ShanBalaji Pharma Distributors Private Limited	12,00,00,000	10,00,00,000
28	Vasu Pharma Drugs Private Limited	18,00,00,000	18,00,00,000
29	Vasu Vaccines & Speciality Drugs Hyd Private Limited	80,00,00,000	85,00,00,000
30	Venkatasai Agencies Drugs Private Limited	12,00,00,000	12,00,00,000
31	Kamal Distributors Private Limited	8,60,00,000	8,60,00,000
32	New Welcome Agencies Private Limited	-	7,00,00,000
33	Shri Datta Agencies Private Limited	8,50,00,000	8,50,00,000
34	Lucky Pharma Logistics Private Limited	5,00,00,000	50,00,00,000
35	Anila Medical Private Limited	8,00,00,000	8,00,00,000
36	Balaji Trade Pharma Private Limited	12,00,00,000	12,00,00,000
37	Lakshmi Annapurna Medical Distributors Private Limited	12,00,00,000	12,00,00,000
38	Poornima Medical Agencies Private Limited	15,00,00,000	15,00,00,000
39	Levikas Enterprises Private Limited	10,00,00,000	10,00,00,000
40	Medicotrade Distributor Private Limited	6,00,00,000	-
41	Emmarlink Distributors Private Limited	40,00,00,000	-
42	Medihauze International India Private Limited	28,00,00,000	28,00,00,000
43	Medihauze Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	41,00,00,000	36,00,00,000
44	Adeline Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	38,00,00,000	38,00,00,000
45	Vasu Agencies Drugs Private Limited	4,80,00,000	-
TOTALS		1751,00,00,000	1397,19,30,000

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

40 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Disclosures pursuant to Ind AS-19 “Employee Benefits” (specified

(i) Contribution to Defined Contribution Plan, recognized as expense for the year is as under:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Provident Fund and Other Funds	211.74	196.23
	211.74	196.23

(ii) Defined Benefit Plan

a) Gratuity

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on retirement/resignation/death at last drawn salary for each completed year of service. The scheme is funded with insurance companies in the form of a qualifying insurance policy.

The following tables summaries the components of net benefit expense recognized in the statement of profit or loss and the funded status and amounts recognized in the balance sheet for the respective plans:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Present value of Defined Benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	240.31	212.13
Interest expense	17.40	15.61
Current Service cost	51.06	42.11
Past Service cost	-	-
Benefits paid	(14.54)	(22.91)
Remeasurement of (Gain)/loss recognized in other comprehensive income	-	-
Actuarial changes arising from changes in financial assumptions	6.71	1.93
Actuarial changes arising from changes in experience adjustments	0.06	(8.57)
Liability transferred on Slume Sale	(111.65)	-
Defined benefit obligation at year end	189.35	240.31

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
b) Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of fair value of plan assets		
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of the year	-	-
Investment Income	6.57	-
Actuarial gain /(loss) for the year on plan assets	7.23	-
Employer contribution	185.00	-
Transferred on slump sale of business	(101.26)	-
Fair value of plan assets at year end	97.54	-

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
c) Net defined benefit asset/ (liability) recognized in the balance sheet		
Provision for Gratuity	-	(29.62)
Fair value of plan assets	97.54	-
Present value of defined benefit obligation	(189.35)	-
Amount recognized in Balance Sheet- Asset / (Liability)	(91.81)	(29.62)

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
d) Net defined benefit expense (recognized in the statement of profit and loss for the year)		
Current Service Cost	51.06	42.11
Net interest Cost	10.83	15.61
Past Service cost	-	-
Net defined benefit expense debited to statement of profit and loss	61.89	57.72

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
e) Remeasurement gain/ (loss) recognized in other comprehensive		
Net cumulative unrecognized actuarial gain/(loss) opening		
Actuarial gain / (loss) for the year on DBO	(6.77)	6.64
Actuarial gain /(loss) for the year on plan assets	7.23	-
Unrecognized actuarial gain/(loss) at the end of the period		
Recognized in other comprehensive income	0.46	6.64

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
f) Broad categories of plan assets as a percentage of total assets		
a) Government of India Securities	0%	0%
b) State Government securities	0%	0%
c) High Quality Corporate Bonds	0%	0%
d) Equity Shares of listed companies	0%	0%
e) Funds Managed by Insurer	100%	0%

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
g) Principal assumptions used in determining defined benefit		
Mortality table (IALM 2012-14)	100.00%	100.00%
Discount rate (per annum)	7.04%	7.25%
Salary escalation	5.50%	5.50%
Attrition/ withdrawal rates p.a.	10.00%	10.00%
Retirement age (years)	58 years	58 years

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
h) Quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions is as below:		
Increase / (decrease) on present value of defined benefits obligations at the		
Discount rate		
Increase by 1%	(10.42)	(154.66)
Decrease by 1%	11.34	(148.60)
Salary growth rate		
Increase by 1%	9.54	(148.67)
Decrease by 1%	(8.97)	(154.64)

Sensitivities due to mortality and withdrawals are not material and hence impact of change has not been calculated.

Sensitivities as to the rate of inflation, rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement and life expectancy are not applicable being a lump sum benefit on retirement.

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

i) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation-Based on Weighted average duration (based on discounted cashflows)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
0 to 1 Year	3.74	3.09
1 to 2 Year	3.32	2.37
2 to 3 Year	9.08	2.71
3 to 4 Year	19.51	7.20
4 to 5 Year	20.48	12.98
5 to 6 Year	4.32	75.83
6 Year onwards	128.90	136.13
Total	189.35	240.31

j) The Company's best estimate of expense for the next annual reporting year is Rs. 49.84 Lakhs.

k) Salary increase rate takes into account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors on long term basis.

l) The discount rate is based upon the market yields available on Government bonds at the accounting date with a term that matches that of the liabilities.

m) The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting year.

n) Description of risk exposures:

Valuations are based on certain assumptions, which are dynamic in nature and vary over time. As such Company is exposed to various risks as follow -

A) Salary Increases- Actual salary increases will increase the Plan's liability. Increase in salary increase rate assumption in future valuations will also increase the liability.

B) Investment Risk – If Plan is funded then assets liabilities mismatch and actual investment return on assets lower than the discount rate assumed at the last valuation date can impact the liability.

C) Discount Rate : Reduction in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the plan's liability.

D) Mortality and disability – Actual deaths and disability cases proving lower or higher than assumed in the valuation can impact the liabilities.

E) Withdrawals – Actual withdrawals proving higher or lower than assumed withdrawals and change of withdrawal rates at subsequent valuations can impact Plan's liability.

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

41 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Set out below, is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that are reasonable approximations of fair values:

Financial instruments by category	Reference	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2024
Financial assets at amortized cost					
Investments	Note 5	49,567.64	49,567.64	48,421.72	48,421.72
Other Financial assets (Non-current)	Note 6	4.53	4.53	303.33	303.33
Trade Receivables (Current)	Note 9	12,179.01	12,179.01	32,542.56	32,542.56
Cash and other bank balances (Current)	Note 10	6,042.71	6,042.71	1,012.59	1,012.59
Loans (Current)	Note 12	16,334.01	16,334.01	7,537.46	7,537.46
Other Financial assets (Current)	Note 13	407.18	407.18	1,417.77	1,417.77
		84,535.08	84,535.08	91,235.42	91,235.42
Financial liabilities at amortized cost					
Borrowings (Non-current)	Note 18	3,539.91	3,539.91	5,776.33	5,776.33
Borrowings (Current)	Note 18	13,311.43	13,311.43	24,512.90	24,512.90
lease liabilities (Non-current)	Note 18	-	-	267.54	267.54
lease liabilities (Current)	Note 18	1.35	1.35	87.72	87.72
Trade Payables (Current)	Note 21	6,268.86	6,268.86	15,323.51	15,323.51
Other Financial liabilities (Current)	Note 22	574.25	574.25	5,367.82	5,367.82
		23,695.79	23,695.79	51,335.82	51,335.82

The management assessed that bank balances, trade receivables, trade payables and other current liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

1. The fair values of the interest-bearing borrowings and loans are determined by using DCF method using discount rate that reflects the Company's borrowing rate as at the end of the reporting year. The own non-performance risk as at March 31, 2025 was assessed to be insignificant.

2. Long-term receivables/payables are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates, risk factors, individual creditworthiness of the counterparty and the risk characteristics of the financed project. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken into account for the expected credit losses of these receivables.

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy together with a quantitative sensitivity analysis as at March 31, 2025, are as shown below

Fair value hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: techniques that use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as on March 31, 2025

	Carrying Value As at March 31, 2025	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets carried at amortized cost for which fair value are disclosed				
Investments	49,567.64	-	-	49,567.64
Loans (Non-current)	-	-	-	-
Other Financial assets (Non-current)	4.53	-	-	4.53
Trade Receivables (Current)	12,179.01	-	-	12,179.01
Cash and other bank balances (Current)	6,042.71	-	-	6,042.71
Loans (Current)	16,334.01	-	-	16,334.01
Other Financial assets (Current)	407.18	-	-	407.18
Liabilities carried at amortized cost for which fair value are disclosed				
Borrowings (Non-current)	3,539.91	-	-	3,539.91
Borrowings (Current)	13,311.43	-	-	13,311.43
lease liabilities (Non-current)	-	-	-	-
lease liabilities (Current)	1.35	-	-	1.35
Trade Payables	6,268.86	-	-	6,268.86
Other Financial liabilities (Current)	574.25	-	-	574.25

Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as on March 31, 2024

	Carrying Value As at March 31, 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets carried at amortized cost for which fair value are disclosed				
Investments	48,421.72	-	26,941.74	21,479.99
Loans (Non-current)	-	-	-	-
Other Financial assets (Non-current)	303.33	-	-	303.33
Trade Receivables (Current)	32,542.56	-	-	32,542.56
Cash and other bank balances (Current)	1,012.59	-	-	1,012.59
Loans (Current)	7,537.46	-	-	7,537.46
Other Financial assets (Current)	1,417.77	-	-	1,417.77
	91,235.42	-	26,941.74	91,235.42
Liabilities carried at amortized cost for which fair value are disclosed				
Borrowings (non-current)	5,776.33	-	-	5,776.33
Borrowings (Current)	24,512.90	-	-	24,512.90
lease liabilities (non-current)	267.54	-	-	267.54
lease liabilities (current)	87.72	-	-	87.72
Trade Payables	15,323.51	-	-	15,323.51
Other Financial liabilities (current)	5,367.82	-	-	5,367.82
	51,335.82	-	-	51,335.82

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

42 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances that are derived directly from its operations.

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks and also ensure that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives.

The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized as below:

(a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprises three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risks include loans and borrowings, deposits, investments and foreign currency receivables and payables. The sensitivity analyses in the following sections relate to the position as at March 31, 2025. The sensitivity of the relevant Profit and Loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in the respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held as of March 31, 2025.

(i) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's operations are primarily limited to India. Hence, the Company is not exposed to any material currency risk.

(ii) Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk arising mainly from short term borrowings with floating interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk because the cash flows associated with floating rate borrowings will fluctuate with changes in interest rates.

(b) Credit Risk

Credit Risk is the risk that the counter party will not meet its obligation under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks, foreign exchange

(i) Financial Instruments and Cash Deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made in the risk free bank deposits. The limits are set to minimize the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through counter party's potential failure to make payments.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at reasonable price. The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and liquidity requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Maturity profile of financial liabilities

The table below provides the details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments.

As at March 31, 2025	Carrying Value	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Borrowings (Non-current)	3,539.91		3,539.91	3,539.91
Borrowings (Current)	13,311.43	13,311.43		
Lease liability (Current)	1.35	1.35		1.35
Trade payables	6,268.86	6,268.86		6,268.86
Other current liabilities and provision	677.01	677.01		677.01
Other current financial liabilities	407.18	407.18		407.18

As at March 31, 2024	Carrying Value	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Borrowings	5,776.33	-	5,776.33	5,776.33
Lease liability (Current)	87.72	87.72		87.72
Lease liability (Non current)	267.54		267.54	267.54
Trade payables	15,323.51	15,323.51	-	15,323.51
Other current liabilities and provision	1,533.08	1,533.08	-	1,533.08
Other current financial liabilities	5,367.82	5,367.82	-	5,367.82

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

43 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

For the purposes of Company's capital management, capital includes equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company and all other equity reserves. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and maximize shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended March 31, 2025.

The Company monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Borrowings (Non-current)	3,539.91	5,776.33
Borrowings (Current)	13,311.43	24,512.90
Lease liability (Non current)	-	267.54
Lease liability (Current)	1.35	87.72
Less: Cash and other bank balances	6,042.71	1,012.59
Net Debt	10,809.98	29,631.90
Equity	84,138.03	68,504.52
Total Capital	84,138.03	68,504.52
Capital and Net Debt	94,948.01	98,136.42
Gearing ratio (Net Debt/Total Equity)	13%	43%

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

43 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Following are the Related Parties and transactions entered with related parties for the year:

(A) Names of related parties and description of relationship:

(i) Related party where control exists to the extent of 100%

Name of the related parties	Relationship
1. Sanjeevani Pharma Distributors Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
2. Auspharma Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
3. Sri Venkateswara Galaxy Medical Distributors Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
4. Shivanitin Agencies Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
5. Guninaa Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
6. MSN Medishield Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
7. New Viswabharathy Drug Lines Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
8. Medicotrade Distributor Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
9. Palepu Pharma Distributors Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
10. Medihauxe International India Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
11. Shree Amman Pharma India Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
12. ShanBalaji Pharma Distributors Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
13. LPH Pharma Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
14. Yogiram Distributors Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
15. Vardhman Medisales Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
16. Srinivasa Medisales Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
17. Focus Medisales Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
18. Medihauxe Healthcare Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
19. Meher Lifecare Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
20. Kamal Distributors Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
21. New Amar Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
22. Neelkanth Pharma Logistics Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
23. SSND Medimart Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
24. Chandrasekhara Pharma Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
25. Lucky Pharma Logistics Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
26. Levikas Enterprises Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
27. Lifeline Pharma Distributors Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
28. Dhruvi Healthcare Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
29. Yashvi Pharma Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
30. Anila Medical Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
31. ATC Medicare Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
32. Singlamedicos Pharma Solutions Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
33. Tirath Singh & Bros Agencies Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
34. Medihauxe Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
35. Vasu Agencies Drugs Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
36. Balaji Trade Pharma Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
37. Lakshmi Annapurna Medical Distributors Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
38. Poornima Medical Agencies Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
39. Srinivasa Pharma Distributors Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
40. Vasu Pharma Drugs Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
41. Venkatasai Agencies Drugs Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
42. Vasu Vaccines & Speciality Drugs Hyd Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
43. Sreekara Medicine House Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
44. Adeline Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed
45. New Welcome Agencies Private Limited	100% Subsidiary of Keimed

(ii) Subsidiaries of the Company having significant influence:

1. Shri Datta Agencies Private Limited	Subsidiary of Keimed (61% Holding)
2. Shri Datta Lifecare Private Limited	100 % Subsidiary of Shri Datta Agencies Private Limited

(iii) Individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the reporting enterprise that gives them control or

1. Mrs. Shobana Kamineni

(iv) Key Management Personnel

1. Mrs. Shobana Kamineni	Director
2. Mr. Arvind Kumar Venkat	Managing Director
3. Mr. Puansh Kamineni	Whole-time Director
4. Mr. Narasaiah Arigela	Chief Financial Officer
5. Mr. Balla Madhu	Company Secretary

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(iv)(a) Relatives of Key Management Personnel

1. Mr. Anil Kamineni
2. Mrs. Upasana Konidela
3. Mrs. Anushpla Kamineni

(iv)(b) Enterprises where key managerial personal or principal shareholders have control or significant influence

1. Apollo Hospitals Enterprises Limited
2. Apollo HealthCo Limited
3. Apollo Pharmacies Limited
4. Apollo Home Healthcare Limited
5. Apollo Hospitals Educational & Research Foundation
6. Apollo Hospitals International Limited
7. Apollo Multispecialty Hospital Limited
8. Apollo Rajshree Hospitals Private Limited
9. Assam Hospitals Limited
10. Apollo Amrith Oncology Services Private Limited
11. Apollo CVHF Limited
12. Apollo Fertility Center Private Limited
13. Apollo Gleneagles PET-CT Private Limited
14. Apollo Hospitals Education Research Foundation
15. Apollo Hospitals Educational Trust
16. Billion Hearts Beating Foundation
17. Apollo Shine Foundation
18. Apollo Sindoori Hotels Ltd
19. Alliance Dental Care Limited
20. Apollo Health and Lifestyle Limited
21. Apollo Dialysis Private Limited
22. Apollo Specialty Hospitals Private Limited
23. Apollo Sugar Clinics Limited
24. Asclepius Hospitals & Healthcare Private Limited
25. Imperial Hospitals and Research Centre Limited
26. Indraprastha Medical Corporation Limited
27. Apollomedics International Lifesciences Limited
28. Leela Health Care Hospital
29. N.S.R Hospitals
30. S.R.Associates
31. Samudra Health Care Enterprises Limited
32. Stemcyte India Therapeutics Private Limited
33. Kamineni Enterprises International LLP
34. Family Health Plan Insurance TPA Limited
35. Prime Time Logistics Technologies Private Limited

(v) Entities in which Shareholders of Keimed Private Limited are interested

1. Adeline Pharmaceuticals
2. Adeline Medical Stores
3. Adeline Chemist & Druggist
4. Vasu Organics Private Limited
5. Kala Associates
6. Dhruv Medicos Private Limited
7. Yashvi Distributors Private Limited
8. Pharmacare Logistics Private Limited
9. Farmacross India Private Limited
10. Neelkanth Chemist
11. New Amar Salakshmi Medisales LLP
12. Pleasant Exports (India) LLP
13. Sri Balajhi Logistics Pharma LLP
14. Shree Amman Agencies
15. Shree Amman Pharmacy
16. Shree Pharma Distributors
17. Sri Balajhi Logistics Pharma LLP
18. Sri Nivasa Agency
19. Vasu Medical & General Stores
20. Yogiram Healthcare
21. Yogiram Pharma

KEIMED PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

DETAILS OF RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS FY 2024-25

Nature of Transaction	Name of the Related Party	Relationship	FY 2024-25	FY 2023-24
Sales				
	Apollo Hospitals Enterprise Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	35,708.31	7,928.68
	Apollo Healthco Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	66,503.23	85,130.93
	Apollo Home Healthcare Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	28.21	11.40
	Apollo Hospitals Educational & Research Foundation	Entity in which Directors are interested	376.29	231.78
	Apollo Hospitals International Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	1,029.42	-
	Apollo Multispecialty Hospital Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	863.12	-
	Apollo Rajshree Hospitals Private Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	49.03	-
	Assam Hospitals Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	610.50	-
	Apollo Amrish Oncology Services Private Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	28.64	-
	Apollo CVHF Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	48.12	-
	Apollo Fertility Center Private Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	4.64	-
	Apollo Gleneagles Pet-Ct Private Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	1.03	-
	Apollo Hospitals Educational Trust	Entity in which Directors are interested	0.02	-
	Apollo Shine Foundation	Entity in which Directors are interested	3.49	-
	Apollo Sindoore Hotels Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	1.92	-
	Alliance Dental Care Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	6.38	-
	Apollo Health And Lifestyle Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	1,374.89	-
	Apollo Dialysis Private Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	334.61	-
	Apollo Specialty Hospitals Private Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	732.10	-
	Apollo Sugar Clinics Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	14.66	-
	Asclepius Hospitals & Healthcare Private Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	446.80	-
	Indraprastha Medical Corporation Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	800.80	-
	Apollomedics International Lifesciences Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	1,422.32	-
	Imperial Hospitals And Research Centre Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	889.51	-
	Billion Hearts Beating Foundation	Entity in which Directors are interested	7.50	-
	Leela Health Care Hospital	Entity in which Directors are interested	6.83	-
	N.S.R Hospitals	Entity in which Directors are interested	5.96	-
	S.R. Associates	Entity in which Directors are interested	238.28	-
	Samudra Health Care Enterprises Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	79.44	-
	Stemcyte India Therapeutics Private Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	1.16	-
	Sanjeevani Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	575.21	3,735.53
	Auspharma Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	39,798.57	21,022.90
	Palepu Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.02	-
	Meher Lifecare Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	36.04	45.33
	Neelkanth Pharma Logistics Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1,290.01	36.93
	Medihauze Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	48.04	360.21
	Vasu Agencies Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	11.24	24.56
	Vasu Pharma Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	2.76	-
		Subsidiary Company	-	40.52
	Sri Venkateswara Galaxy Medical Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	151.07	125.33
	Shivanitin Agencies Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	14.41	6.77
	TOTALS		1,53,544.56	1,18,700.87
Purchases				
	Auspharma Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	5,353.15	-1.88
	Medihauze Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	870.29	914.74
	Meher Lifecare Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	6.76	22.78
	Neelkanth Pharma Logistics Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	9.50	37.95
	Palepu Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.34	6.63
	Sanjeevani Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	18.64	25.85
	Srinivasa Medisales Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	3.02	15.75
	Vasu Agencies Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	3,955.48	4,135.99
	Venkatasai Agencies Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	368.89	266.68
	Vasu Pharma Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1,099.45	1,370.65
	Vasu Vaccines And Speciality Drugs Hyd Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	273.97	197.79
	Lucky Pharma Logistics Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	23.08
	Dhruvi Healthcare Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	1.16
	Adeline Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	15.22
	Anila Medical Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	0.29
	Focus Medisales Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	10.58	-
	TOTALS		11,970.07	7,032.68

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Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

DETAILS OF RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS FY 2024-25

Nature of Transaction	Name of the Related Party	Relationship	FY 2024-25	FY 2023-24
Dividend Received	Neelkanth Pharma Logistics Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	112.65	-
	Vasu Agencies Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	225.30	-
	Srinivasa Medisales Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	300.00	-
	Adeline Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	300.40	-
	Shree Amman Pharma India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	140.20	-
	Medihauxe International India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	225.30	-
	Sanjeevani Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	599.99
	TOTALS		1,303.85	599.99
Dividend Paid	Mrs. Shobana Kamineni	Director	207.23	153.79
	Mr. Anil Kamineni	Relative of Director	265.51	180.01
	Mr. Puansh Kamineni	Director	45.67	30.97
	Mrs. Taruna C Joshi	Share Holder	0.57	0.39
	M/s. Family Health Plan Insurance TPA Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	163.39	110.77
	M/s. Prime Time Logistics Technologies Private Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	175.49	118.98
	M/s. Apollo Healthco Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	19.61	-
	Mr. Desmond Kajal Gomes	Director of Subsidiary Company	1.63	-
	Mrs. Pearl Gloria Gomes	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	1.63	-
	Mr. Nilesh Sohanlal Sonigara	Director of Subsidiary Company	0.45	-
	Mr. Sohanlal Amichand Sonigara	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	0.30	-
	Mr. S Selvakumar	Director of Subsidiary Company	0.38	-
	Mrs. Sarala Selvakumar	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	0.07	-
	Mr. Firozbhai Mahmadbhai Patel	Director of Subsidiary Company	0.67	-
	Mr. Sabir M Patel	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	0.67	-
	Mr. B Jayakumar	Director of Subsidiary Company	0.77	-
	Mr. S Baskaran	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	0.77	-
	Mr. Rupesh Hemendra Shah	Director of Subsidiary Company	3.15	-
	Mrs. Deeptiben Rupeshbhai Shah	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	2.88	-
	Mrs. Raman Deep Kathuria	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	0.44	-
	Mr. Shyam Sunder Kathuria	Director of Subsidiary Company	0.44	-
	Mr. Veerinder Pal Singh	Director of Subsidiary Company	4.33	-
	Mrs. Harsharan Kaur	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	3.49	-
	Mr. Manjunath K Adiga	Director of Subsidiary Company	1.68	-
	Mrs. Meena Kumari	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	0.05	-
	Mr. P Girish Bhatt	Director of Subsidiary Company	0.58	-
	Mr. P Manohar Bhatt	Director of Subsidiary Company	0.58	-
	Mr. PB Ramamoorthy	Share Holder	1.72	-
	Mrs. B Priya Reddy	Share Holder	1.72	-
	Mrs. Padmaja Reddy	Share Holder	1.72	-
	Mrs. Sharmila Reddy	Share Holder	1.72	-
	Mr. Gilan Plumarz Ferzandi	Director of Subsidiary Company	6.60	-
	Mr. Rehan Gilan Ferzandi	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	3.01	-
	Mrs. Reyaa Gilan Ferzandi	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	3.01	-
	Mr. Yaresh Gilan Ferzandi	Director of Subsidiary Company	3.01	-
	Mrs. Parvin Plumarz Ferzand	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	0.65	-
	Mr. Vardaan Sharma	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	10.92	-
	Mr. Pramod Kumar Sharma	Director of Subsidiary Company	3.48	-
	Mr. Palepu Srinivasa Gopal	Director of Subsidiary Company	9.99	-
	Mr. Palepu Srinivasa Prasad	Director of Subsidiary Company	9.99	-
	Mr. Vicjay Kumar Singla	Director of Subsidiary Company	0.53	-
	Mrs. Meenakshi Singla	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	0.03	-
	Mr. Mahendra Chowhan	Director of Subsidiary Company	5.18	-
	Mrs. Usha Chowhan	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	5.18	-
	Mrs. Jeenal Chowhan	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	4.19	-
	Mrs. Vinita Ankit Jain	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	3.51	-
	Mr. Ankit Jain	Director of Subsidiary Company	0.68	-
	Mr. Srinivas Bejgam	Director of Subsidiary Company	7.05	-
	Mr. Ramesh Bejgam	Director of Subsidiary Company	6.96	-
	Mrs. Padma Bejgam	Relative of Director of Subsidiary Company	4.87	-
	TOTALS		998.12	594.90

KEIMED PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

DETAILS OF RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS FY 2024-25

Nature of Transaction	Name of the Related Party	Relationship	FY 2024-25	FY 2023-24
Logistic Fee Received	Sanjeevani Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	250.99	273.83
	Auspharma Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	108.47	39.58
	Guninaa Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	7.85	-
	Sri Venkateswara Galaxy Medical Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	51.63	32.87
	Shivanitin Agencies Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	32.99	32.30
	Palepu Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	392.51	517.18
	Shree Amman Pharma India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	52.20	69.43
	Yogiram Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	45.48	47.84
	Shanbalaji Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	16.00	21.21
	LPH Pharma Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	23.63	19.52
	Medihauze International India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	85.80	96.97
	Vardhman Medisales Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	224.54	236.31
	Focus Medisales Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	107.41	108.26
	Srinivasa Medisales Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	96.09	188.91
	Medihauze Healthcare Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	18.68	21.73
	Meher Lifecare Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	140.76	172.72
	Kamal Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	21.15	28.09
	New Amar Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	42.69	49.46
	Neelkanth Pharma Logistics Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	363.27	407.58
	Chandrasekhara Pharma Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	24.17	-
	Lucky Pharma Logistics Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	14.38	121.12
	Levikas Enterprises Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	13.32	-
	Lifeline Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	29.31	38.55
	Lakshmi Annapurna Medical Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	10.13	11.35
	Vasu Agencies Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	159.63	201.76
	Vasu Pharma Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	25.70	33.74
	Venkatasai Agencies Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	20.01	25.58
	Balaji Trade Pharma Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	10.74	12.78
	Vasu Vaccines And Speciality Drugs Hyd Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	50.48	76.23
	Poornima Medical Agencies Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	15.04	19.49
	Srinivasa Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	13.98	24.60
	Sreekara Medicine House Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	9.42	10.85
	Medihauze Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	66.64	76.83
	Dhruvi Healthcare Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	155.10	189.10
	Anila Medical Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	16.68	19.36
	ATC Medicare Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	56.07	73.11
	Singlamedicos Pharma Solutions Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	30.11	35.15
	Adeline Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	88.31	90.26
	MSN Medishield Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	4.08	-
	New Viswabharathy Drug Lines Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	6.57	-
	Medicotrade Distributor Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	7.76	-
	TOTALS		2,909.77	3,423.66
Logistic Fee Paid	Vardhman Medisales Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1.06	1.06
	Lucky Pharma Logistics Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.31	0.36
	Palepu Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.53	0.95
	TOTALS		1.90	2.37
Interest Received on CCDs	Palepu Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	704.22	720.00
	Neelkanth Pharma Logistics Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	101.72	104.00
	Vasu Pharma Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	31.30	32.00
	Vasu Agencies Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	66.51	68.00
	Vardhman Medisales Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	230.83	236.00
	ATC Medicare Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	46.95	48.00
	Medihauze International India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	285.60	292.00
	Medihauze Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	23.47	24.00
	Lucky Pharma Logistics Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	136.93	140.00
	Adeline Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	179.97	184.00
	TOTALS		1,807.50	1,848.00

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Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

DETAILS OF RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS FY 2024-25

Nature of Transaction	Name of the Related Party	Relationship	FY 2024-25	FY 2023-24
Interest Received on Loans	Dhruvi Healthcare Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	48.85	53.28
	Guninaa Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	7.50	1.33
	Lifeline Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	9.58	8.52
	Meher Lifecare Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	44.50	74.47
	Neelkanth Pharma Logistics Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	56.93	26.76
	New Amar Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	53.09	51.05
	New Viswabharathy Drug Lines Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	17.65	-
	Singlamedicos Pharma Solutions Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	68.97	61.37
	Vasu Agencies Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	135.83	127.85
	Vasu Vaccines And Speciality Drugs Hyd Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	30.57	25.57
	Yogiram Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	26.32	-
	Adeline Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	2.34	-
	Sri Venkateswara Galaxy Medical Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	6.90	-
	Lucky Pharma Logistics Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	7.30	4.19
	Shree Amman Pharma India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	6.14	-
	Vardhman Medisales Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	16.42	-
	ATC Medicare Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	6.19	5.86
	Shri Datta Agencies Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	50.20
	Medihauxe International India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.54	-
	Medihauxe Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1.23	-
	Shanbalaji Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.48	-
	Shivanitin Agencies Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.44	-
	Vasu Pharma Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1.08	-
	Venkatasai Agencies Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1.06	-
	TOTALS		549.93	490.45
Interest Paid on Loans	Medihauxe International India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	62.92
	TOTALS		-	62.92
Service Income Received	Apollo Pharmacies Ltd 24/7	Entity in which Directors are interested	262.60	-
	TOTALS		262.60	-
Royalty Fee Paid	Kamineni Enterprises International LLP	Entity in which Directors are interested	156.54	96.68
	TOTALS		156.54	96.68
Rent Paid	Mr.Anil Kamineni	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	21.52	21.28
Directors Sitting Fee	Mr.Raj Shankar	Director	10.00	5.00
Professional Fee	Mr.Raj Shankar	Director	28.25	-
Remuneration	Mr. Arvind Kumar Venkat	Key Managerial Person	382.50	382.50
Remuneration	Mr. Narasaiah Arigela	Key Management Personnel	221.52	205.02
Remuneration	Mr. Balla Madhu	Key Management Personnel	29.56	-
			693.35	613.80
Amount Receivable for Sales		Entity in which Directors are interested		
	Apollo Hospitals Enterprise Limited		650.28	3,112.46
	Apollo Healthco Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	19,603.20	-
	Apollo Home Healthcare Limited	Entity in which Directors are interested	-2.76	0.77
	Apollo Hospitals Educational & Research Foundation	Entity in which Directors are interested	172.76	68.02
	Sanjeevani Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	54.84
	Sri Venkateswara Galaxy Medical Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	8.30
	Auspharma Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	22,231.70
	TOTALS		20,423.48	3,181.25
Service Income Receivable	Apollo Pharmacies Ltd 24/7	Entity in which Directors are interested	304.63	-
	TOTALS		304.63	-

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Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

DETAILS OF RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS FY 2024-25

Nature of Transaction	Name of the Related Party	Relationship	FY 2024-25	FY 2023-24
Loans	ATC Medicare Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	98.75	68.75
Recoverable	Adeline Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	900.00	-
	Dhruvi Healthcare Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	966.10	971.30
	Guninaa Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	350.00	75.00
	Lifeline Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	312.50	100.00
	Lucky Pharma Logistics Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	400.00	-
	Meher Lifecare Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1,093.35	398.25
	Neelkanth Pharma Logistics Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	900.00	500.00
	New Amar Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1,538.86	567.16
	New Viswabharathy Drug Lines Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	200.00	-
	Shree Amman Pharma India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	232.00	-
	Shri Datta Agencies Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	1,124.28
	Singlamedicos Pharma Solutions Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	906.09	720.00
	Vardhman Medisales Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1,800.00	-
	Vasu Agencies Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1,805.90	1,500.00
	Vasu Vaccines And Speciality Drugs Hyd Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1,615.96	300.00
	Yogiram Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	190.00	-
	Medihauxe International India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	200.00	-
	Medihauxe Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	670.00	-
	Shanbalaji Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	250.00	-
	Shivanitin Agencies Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	163.50	-
	Vasu Pharma Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	400.00	-
	Venkatasai Agencies Drugs Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	391.00	-
	Medicotrade Distributor Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	700.00	-
	TOTALS		16,084.01	6,324.74

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

44 ANALYTICAL RATIOS :

Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	% Variance (2025 vs 2024)	Reason (2025 vs 2024) (If variation is more than 25%)
(a) Current ratio (in times)	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	2.07	1.19	73.39%	Due to slump sale
(b) Debt-equity ratio (in times)	Debt (refer note i)	Net Worth	0.20	0.45	-55.22%	Due to slump sale
(c) Debt service coverage ratio (in times)	Earnings available for Debt Service	Debt Service	8.70	8.75	-0.56%	-
(d) Return on equity ratio (in %)	Net Profit available for Equity	Average Shareholder's Equity	0.03	0.12	-70.20%	Due to slump sale
(e) Inventory turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue form Operations	Average Inventory	29.19	8.38	248.22%	Due to slump sale
(f) Trade receivables turnover ratio (in times)	Revenuww form Operations	Average trade receivables	6.85	2.52	171.57%	Due to slump sale
(g) Trade payables turnover ratio (in times)	Net purchases	Average trade payables	14.54	9.90	46.94%	Due to slump sale
(h) Net capital turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue From Operations	Working capital	7.08	18.52	-61.78%	Due to slump sale
(i) Net profit ratio (in %)	Net profit	Revenue from operations	0.02	0.06	-67.58%	Due to slump sale
(j) Return on capital employed (in %)	EBIT (refer note v)	Capital employed (refer note iii)	0.07	0.19	-64.12%	Due to slump sale

Notes:

- (i) Debt comprises of borrowings and lease liabilities
- (ii) Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments
- (iii) Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Borrowings + Deferred Tax Liability
- (iv) Tangible Net worth is computed as Total Assets - Total Liabilities
- (v) EBIT = Profit before interest and taxes minus interest income.

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

45 Business combination during the year

a. Merger pursuant to NCLT Order

During the financial year 2023-24, the company has received approval from the National Company Law Tribunal at Hyderabad bench has vide orders in FY 2024 , and filed with Registrar of Companies (RoC) in FY 2024 sanctioned a scheme of Amalgamation ("the Scheme") with its 19 subsidiaries (Transferee companies) namely, Vasu Agencies Hyd Private Limited, Vardhman Pharma Distributors Private Limited, Palepu Pharma Private Limited, Dhruvi Pharma Private Limited, Meher Distributors Private Limited, Neelkanth Drugs Private Limited, ATC Pharma Private Limited, Lifeline Pharmaceutical Private Limited, Lucky Pharmaceutical Private Limited, Medihauxe International Private Limited, Medihauxe Pharma Private Limited, New Amar Agencies Private Limited, Shanbalaji Pharma Private Limited, Shree Amman Pharma Private Limited, Singla Medicos Private Limited, Vasu Pharma Distributors Private Limited, Vasu Vaccines & Speciality Drugs Private Limited, Venkatasai agencies Private Limited and their respective shareholders and creditors under the provisions of Section 233 and the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, with effect from the Appointed Date of April 1, 2022 ("Scheme"). The above merger being a common control transaction has been accounted for under pooling of interest method as prescribed by Appendix C of Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS) 103 on Business Combinations. There is no consideration involved in this Scheme of Amalgamation as the Transferor Companies are subsidiaries of the Transferee Company and the minority shareholders are issued shares of holding company in proportion to their shareholding in transferor company.

As per the said scheme:

- The transferee company shall record all the assets and liabilities of the Transferor Companies (01 to 19) transferred to and vested in Transferee company at their respective carrying amount and in same form
- The investment in the share capital of the Transferor Companies (01 to 19) in the books of accounts of the Transferee company shall stand cancelled

	Vasu Agencies Hyd Private Limited	Vardhman Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Palepu Pharma Private Limited	Dhruvi Pharma Private Limited	Meher Distributors Private Limited
Assets					
Non-current assets					
1.Property, plant and equipment	-	137.84	464.78		
2.Investments	2,455.43	450.86	2,808.96	1,265.80	1,229.11
3.Other financial assets	1,600.00	-	19.48	700.00	1.00
4.Deferred tax assets (net)	-	98.78	58.83	101.76	
Total	8,110.86	3,309.23	6,865.56	4,135.12	2,460.22
Current assets					
1.Inventories	-	3,439.42	7,421.88		-
2.Trade receivables	-	4,309.50	13,367.70		-
3.Loans		-	500.00		
4.Cash and cash equivalents	233.85	39.74	115.45	21.61	30.90
5.Other financial assets	-	111.66	173.74		
6.Current Tax assets (net)	-	8.62	-	11.94	62.01
7.Other current assets	37.63	3.66	309.58	7.60	
Total	271.48	7,912.60	21,888.35	41.15	92.91
Liabilities					
Non-current liabilities					
1. Borrowings	-	-	-	573.47	-
Total	-	-	-	573.47	-
Current liabilities					
1. Borrowings	-	4,653.71	11,066.26	-	-
2. Trade payables	-	1,174.33	2,510.32	-	-
3. Other financial liabilities	-	129.80	95.17	-	1.00
4.Other current liabilities	-	64.11	128.70	19.31	49.12
5. Provisions	-	248.61	174.08	-	-
6. Current tax liabilities (net)	113.58	27.61	71.12	11.21	-
Total	113.58	6,298.17	14,045.65	30.52	50.12
Capital reserve on merger	1,067.59	473.15	2,055.46	(35.19)	72.84

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

	Neelkanth Drugs Private Limited	ATC Pharma Private Limited	Adeline Pharma Private Limited	Lifeline Pharmaceutical Private Limited	Lucky Pharmaceuticals Private Limited
Assets	2,513.19	1,477.51	3,402.40	1,916.64	2,889.98
Non-current assets	2,472.70	1,361.00	3,051.00	606.03	2,838.84
1. Property, plant and equipment		-	-	97.96	
2. Other intangible assets		-	-	345.31	
3. Investments	422.70	10.00	1.00	-	311.70
4. Other financial assets	2,050.00	1,351.00	3,050.00	7.20	2,500.00
5. Deferred tax assets (net)		-	-	18.72	-
6. Other Non Current assets		-	-	136.84	27.14
	7,458.59	4,199.51	9,504.40	3,128.70	8,567.66
Current assets					
1. Inventories	-	-	-	516.62	
2. Trade receivables	-	-	-	768.32	
3. Cash and cash equivalents	36.04	65.71	276.57	4.20	51.14
4. Other financial assets	-	-	-	15.27	-
5. Current Tax assets (net)	4.45	50.80	39.29	4.14	-
6. Other current assets	-	-	35.54	2.06	-
	40.49	116.51	351.40	1,310.61	51.14
Current liabilities					
1. Borrowings	-	-	-	1,326.97	-
2. Trade payables	-	-	-	136.92	-
3. Other financial liabilities	-	10.00	1.00	17.21	1.00
4. Other current liabilities	87.14	18.85	20.33	4.56	10.97
5. Provisions	-	-	-	26.52	-
6. Current tax liabilities (net)	8.03	-	-	-	-
	95.17	28.85	21.33	1,512.18	11.97
Capital reserve on merger	100.54	813.61	709.28	622.61	348.01

	Medihauxe International Private Limited	Medihauxe Pharma Private Limited	New Amar Agencies Private Limited	Shanbalaji Pharma Private Limited	Shree Amman Pharma Private Limited
Assets					
Non-current assets					
1. Property, plant and equipment	50.92	-	-	6.55	216.92
2. Right-of-use assets	-	-	-	-	336.52
3. Other intangible assets	0.81	-	-	181.94	1.08
4. Investments	-	1.00	1.00	-	-
5. Other financial assets	-	1,050.00	500.00	2.00	14.13
6. Deferred tax assets (net)	3.52	-	-	38.96	2.84
Current assets					
1. Inventories	5,315.24	199.04	2.55	825.99	3,129.44
2. Trade receivables	2,527.93	-	-	284.29	1,286.85
3. Loans	2,668.97	-	-	500.47	1,732.68
4. Cash and cash equivalents	67.49	154.38	-	17.13	8.40
5. Other financial assets	39.54	-	-	19.24	56.85
6. Current Tax assets (net)		-	2.55	1.27	-
7. Other current assets	11.31	44.66	-	3.60	44.67
Liabilities					
Non-current liabilities					
1. Borrowings	-	-	-	-	4.44
2. Lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	286.24
3. Provisions	-	-	-	-	15.81
Current liabilities					
1. Borrowings	757.53	-	-	660.00	2,257.86
2. Lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	35.22

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

3. Trade payables	523.18	-	-	125.40	414.47
4. Other financial liabilities	73.33	1.00	1.00	17.29	47.97
5. Other current liabilities	23.56	16.29	5.46	8.03	12.69
6. Provisions	5.43	-	-	4.64	20.27
7. Current tax liabilities (net)	71.89	-	-	-	1.84
Capital Reserve on merger	159.02	158.79	582.67	254.29	117.92

	Singla Medicos Private Limited	Vasu Pharma Distributors Private Limited	Vasu Vaccines & Speciality Drugs Private Limited	Venkatasai Agencies Private Limited
Assets				
1. Investments	43.30	-	-	-
2. Other financial assets	2.00	1,350.00	900.00	550.00
Current assets				
1. Cash and cash equivalents	29.78	19.60	106.29	109.15
2. Current Tax assets (net)	1.79	-	-	-
Liabilities				
1. Current liabilities	3.27	41.49	-	-
2. Other current liabilities	3.27	-	-	-
3. Current tax liabilities (net)	-	41.49	-	-
Capital Reserve on merger	515.23	771.77	639.06	634.24

(b) Medsmart Logistics Private Limited

During the Financial Year 2023-24, the Company has acquired Medsmart Logistics Private Limited, through a share swap amounting to INR 3,999 lakhs (equity share exchange ratio as 100:465.24 (Representing 465.24 equity shares (of face value INR 10 each) of Keimed Private Limited in exchange for every 100 shares (of face value INR. 10 each) held in Medsmart Logistics Private Limited. NCLT has approved the above merger of Medsmart Logistics Private Limited with appointment date of April 1, 2023 and consequently, Medsmart Logistics Private Limited has merged with the Company effective that date. The purchase price has been allocated based on the Management's estimates and independent appraisal of fair values as follows :

Particulars	As at April 1, 2023
ASSETS	
Non-current assets	
Property, plant and equipment	627.82
Right-of-use asset	450.37
Intangible assets	107.22
Other intangible assets	
Financial assets	
Other financial assets	213.30
Deferred tax assets (net)	14.27
	<u>1,412.98</u>
Current assets	
Financial assets	
Inventory	4,210.77
Trade receivables	6,963.38
Cash and cash equivalents	213.36
Other bank balances	150.00
Other financial assets	5,782.02
Other current assets	371.35
	<u>17,690.89</u>
Total assets (A)	<u>19,103.87</u>
Liabilities	
Non-current liabilities	
Lease liabilities	351.46
Other financial liabilities	61.00
	<u>412.46</u>
Current liabilities	
Financial liabilities	
Borrowings	3,468.99

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Trade payables	8,107.33
Lease liabilities	93.17
Other financial liabilities	187.31
Provisions	33.19
Other current liabilities	67.90
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	11,957.88
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Total Liabilities (B)	12,370.34
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Fair value of identifiable net assets (C=A-B)	6,733.53
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Consideration payable	3,999.00
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Total consideration (D)	3,999.00
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Gain on bargain purchase	2,734.53
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Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

46 Slump Sale During the Year

I Slump Sale of Cash Generating Unit – Keimed Surgical Division

During the financial year ended March 31, 2025, the Company completed the sale of its Cash Generating Unit (CGU), namely the Keimed Surgical Division, as a going concern through a slump sale transaction. The total consideration received for the sale amounted to ₹7000 lakhs .

The transaction resulted in a gain of ₹234.56 lakhs , which has been recognized as an exceptional item in the Statement of Profit and Loss, considering its non-recurring nature and material impact on the Company's financial performance.

Particulars	As at March 24, 2025
ASSETS	
Non-current assets	
Property, plant and equipment	419.39
Intangible assets	1.88
Right-of-use asset	398.34
Financial assets	
Other financial assets	140.57
Other non-current assets	50.80
	1,010.98
Current assets	
Inventory	5,813.85
Trade receivables	8,757.03
Cash and cash equivalents	20.07
Other bank balances	156.38
Other financial assets	169.94
Other current assets	6,780.61
	21,697.88
Total assets (A)	22,708.86
Liabilities	
Non-current liabilities	
Lease liabilities	329.29
Provisions	107.21
	436.51
Current liabilities	
Financial liabilities	
Borrowings	4,150.85
Trade payables	9,971.71
Lease liabilities	111.05
Other financial liabilities	589.09
Provisions	144.48
Other current liabilities	539.73
	15,506.91
Total Liabilities (B)	15,943.42
Fair value of identifiable net assets (C=A-B)	6,765.44
Consideration Received	7,000.00
Deferred consideration	-
Total consideration (D)	7,000.00
Profit on Slume Sale (D-C)	234.56

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

47 Dividend Distribution made and proposed

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
A. Dividend declared and paid during the year		
Final dividend for the year ended March 31,2025: Rs. 14.75 Per share (March 31, 2024 : Rs 10/- Per share)	998.12	594.90
Interim dividend for the year ended March 31,2025: Rs. Nil Per share (March 31, 2024 : Rs Nil Per share)	-	-
B. Dividend proposed for the year		
Final dividend for the year ended Mar 31, 2025 : Rs.20/- Per Share (Mar 31, 2024 : Rs.14.75 Per Share)	1,374.59	998.12

Proposed dividend on equity share is subject to approval of shareholders of the Company at upcoming Annual General Meeting.

48 The Figures have been rounded off to nearest Rupees in Lacs upto two decimal places. The figure 0.00 wherever stated, represents value less than Rs.1,000/-.

49 The comparative figures have been regrouped/ rearranged wherever considered necessary to make them comparable with current year numbers.

50 Subsequent events after the reporting period

The Company had acquired 39% of stake in M/s. Shri Datta Agencies Private Limited making the entity a Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Keimed Private Limited.

The Company had acquired M/s. Emmarlink Distributors Private Limited, a Kannur based Company in the state of Kerala as a wholly owned subsidiary.

51 ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY SCHEDULE III OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013

(i) **Details of Benami property:** No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any Benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.

(ii) **Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium:** The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

(iii) **Compliance with number of layers of companies:** The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

(iv) **Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements:** The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

(v) **Undisclosed income:** There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

(vi) **Details of crypto currency or virtual currency:** The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

(vii) The Company had granted loans to its subsidiaries in the nature of unsecured loans repayable on demand.

(viii) **Valuation of PP&E and intangible asset:** The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current or previous year.

(ix) The Company has not been declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority

(xi) The Company had engaged a whole-time company secretary as per the applicable provisions of Companies Act 2013.

Keimed Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

(xi) The Company had been sanctioned the below mentioned Loans during the year:

Name of the Bank / Financial Institution	Nature of Loan	Amount Rs. In Cr.	Security	Purpose
HDFC Bank	Working Capital	135.00	i. First Pari Passu Charge on All Stocks & Book Debts ii. Personal Guarantee of Mrs. Shobana Kamineni, Director	Working Capital
ICICI Bank	Working Capital	100.00	i. First Pari Passu Charge on All Stocks & Book Debts ii. Personal Guarantee of Mrs. Shobana Kamineni, Director	Working Capital
Aditya Birla Finance Ltd.	Term Loan	95.00	i. Second Pari Passu Charge on All Stocks & Book Debts ii. Personal Guarantee of Mrs. Shobana Kamineni, Director	New Acquisitions
Aditya Birla Finance Ltd.	Term Loan	30.00	i. Second Pari Passu Charge on All Stocks & Book Debts ii. Personal Guarantee of Mrs. Shobana Kamineni, Director	New Acquisitions

Note:- Out of Term of Loan of Rs.30 Cr, an amount of Rs.20 Cr was utilised.

(xii) Transactions with struck off companies: The Company did not have any transactions with companies struck off under Section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 during the financial year.

As per our report of even date attached .
For M.Sreenivasulu Reddy & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.: 007400S

M.Sreenivasulu Reddy
Proprietor
Membership No. 023396
Place: Hyderabad
Date : 07th June 2025



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Keimed Private Limited

Arvind Kumar Venkat
Managing Director
DIN : 02304618

Shobana Kamineni
Director & Chairperson
DIN : 00003836

A. Narasaiah
Chief Financial Officer
CMA : 22311

B. Madhu
Company Secretary
ACS : 19763